



REVISED Hazardous Building Materials Assessment

4267 Bridge Street, Niagara Falls, Ontario

Prepared for:

The Regional Municipality of Niagara

1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way Thorold, Ontario

Attention: Nicole Menard

Project Manager - Buildings

December 20, 2018

Pinchin File: 218282.011





Hazardous Building Materials Assessment

4267 Bridge Street, Niagara Falls, Ontario The Regional Municipality of Niagara December 20, 2018 Pinchin File: 218282.011

Issued to: The Regional Municipality of Niagara

Contact: Nicole Menard

Project Manager - Buildings

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December 20, 2018 Pinchin File: 218282.011

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Regional Municipality of Niagara (Client) retained Pinchin Ltd. (Pinchin) to conduct a hazardous building materials assessment at 4267 Bridge Street, Niagara Falls, Ontario. Pinchin performed the assessment on November 28, 2018 and December 18, 2018.

The objective of the assessment was to document the locations of specified hazardous building materials, evaluate their condition and develop corrective action plans as required for the purposes of long term management. The results of this assessment are not intended for construction, renovation, demolition or project tendering purposes.

The assessed area consisted of the entire building

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Asbestos: Asbestos-containing materials (ACM) are present as follows:

- Caulking on the exterior of the building in good condition;
- Butyl tape in the east stairwell in good condition;
- Pipe insulation (presumed) in the crawlspace; and
- Presumed floor tile mastic in Locations 10, 11 and 12.

Lead: Lead is present as follows:

- Paints/surface coatings (or specific paint)
- Batteries of emergency lights and fire alarm systems;

<u>Silica:</u> Crystalline silica is present in concrete, mortar, brick, masonry and plaster.

<u>Mercury:</u> Mercury vapour is present in fluorescent lamps and liquid mercury is present in thermostat ampules.

<u>Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)</u>: Based on the date of construction, PCBs may be present in light ballasts.

Mould and Water Damage: Visible mould was observed within the Women's Washroom (Location 3).

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is a summary of significant recommendations; refer to the body of the report for detailed recommendations.

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- 1. Prepare an Asbestos Management Program (AMP).
- 2. Perform a re-assessment of asbestos materials on an annual basis.
- Perform a pre-construction assessment and remove all ACM prior to alteration or maintenance work if ACM may be disturbed by the work.
- 4. Remove and dispose of PCB ballasts and mercury-containing items when taken out of service.
- Follow appropriate safe work procedures when handling or disturbing asbestos, lead, silica and mould.
- 6. Remediate the materials as described in Section 4.2. Conduct an intrusive mould investigation to determine the extent of mould growth prior to commencing with mould remedial work.

This Executive Summary is subject to the same standard limitations as contained in the report and must be read in conjunction with the entire report.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE

The Regional Municipality of Niagara (Client) retained Pinchin Ltd. (Pinchin) to conduct a hazardous building materials assessment at 4267 Bridge Street, Niagara Falls, Ontario.

Matthew Gibbs, Senior Project Technologist performed the assessment on November 28, 2018. The surveyor was unaccompanied during the assessment. The building was occupied at the time of the assessment. Kris Douglas, Project Technologist returned to site on December 18, 2018 to assess the Canadian Border Services (CBSA) section of the building. The surveyor was accompanied by a representative of the Municipality of the Niagara Region and a representative of the CBSA. The building was unoccupied during the assessment.

The objective of the assessment was to document the locations of specified hazardous building materials, evaluate their condition and develop corrective action plans as required. This assessment is only to be used for the purposes of long term management and routine maintenance. The results of this assessment are not to be used for construction, renovation, demolition or project tendering purposes.

1.1 Scope of Assessment

The assessment was performed to establish the location and type of specified hazardous building materials incorporated in the structure(s) and its finishes. The assessed area consisted of all parts of the building.

For the purpose of the assessment and this report, hazardous building materials are defined as follows:

- Asbestos
- Lead
- Silica
- Mercury
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
- Mould

The following Designated Substances are not typically found in building materials in a composition/state that is hazardous and were not included in this assessment:

- Arsenic
- Acrylonitrile
- Benzene
- Coke oven emissions

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- Ethylene oxide
- Isocyanates
- Vinyl chloride monomer

2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Building Description

Building Description Item	Details
Building Use	Office and Train Station
Number of Floors/Levels	2 stories plus a crawl space
Total Area of Building	8,814 square feet
Year of Construction	1900
Structure	Structural steel, wood
Exterior Cladding	Brick
HVAC	Forced air
Roof	No access, sloped roof
Flooring	Vinyl tile, concrete, carpet
Interior Walls	Drywall, concrete block, plaster
Ceilings	Drywall, plaster, acoustic ceiling tiles

2.2 Existing Reports

Pinchin used as reference the following existing reports:

 VIA Rail Canada, Asbestos Management Program, Niagara Falls Train Station, Reinspection, December 7, 2008. Prepared by Dessau, File No. 038-P020503-0100-SG-0007-0A.

2.3 Inaccessible Locations

The following rooms or areas of the building were not accessible to the surveyor and are therefore not included in the report:

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Area or Room	Reason
Crawlspace	Filled with water
IT Room	Restricted access
CBSA Offices	Restricted access

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3.0 FINDINGS

The following section summarizes the findings of the assessment and provides a general description of the hazardous materials identified and their locations.

3.1 Asbestos

3.1.1 Suspect Building Materials Not Found

The following types of building materials may historically contain asbestos but were not observed in the building and are not discussed in the report findings:

- Spray-on fireproofing or thermal insulation
- Texture finishes (acoustic/decorative)
- Asbestos cement products (e.g. Transite)
- Vinyl sheet flooring
- Firestopping

3.1.2 Thermal Systems Insulation (TSI)

3.1.2.1 Pipe Insulation

Pipes observed throughout the building are either uninsulated or insulated with non-asbestos fibreglass.

It is important to note that asbestos-containing pipe insulation has been previously identified within the crawlspace, Location 23 and Pinchin observed approximately 10 linear feet of piping covered with yellow asbestos labelled bags within the crawlspace, Location 23. Pipe insulation is presumed to be a friable materials.

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e insulation within the Presumed asbestos-containing pipe insulation within the crawlspace



3.1.2.2 Duct Insulation

Ducts observed within the building were not insulated.

3.1.2.3 Mechanical Equipment Insulation

Mechanical equipment is either uninsulated or insulated with non-asbestos fibreglass.



Furnace externally uninsulated



Hot water tank externally uninsulated

3.1.3 Vermiculite

Loose fill vermiculite debris was not observed in the spaces or areas inspected. Destructive testing was not performed and vermiculite may be present within masonry block walls, above solid ceilings or other void spaces.

3.1.4 Acoustic Ceiling Tiles

Acoustic ceiling tiles are present in the assessed area, as follows:

PG

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Size, Type, Pattern, Photo #	Locations	Sample Number or Date Code	Asbestos Type
24"x48", lay-in, pinhole, Photo 1	Waiting Room, Location 1	0010A-C	None Detected
24"x48", lay-in, large fleck, Photo 2	Women's Washroom, Location 3	03/22/2006	None-asbestos
	Men's Washroom, Location 8		
24"x48", lay-in, dense fleck and pinhole, Photo 3	Ticket Office, Location 2	10/29/2002	None-asbestos
24"x48", lay-in, width-	Baggage Room, Location 4	0011A-C	None Detected
wise fissure and pinhole, Photo 4	East Stairs, Location 7		
T Hoto T	Washroom, Location 9		
	West Stairs, Location 13		
	Open Area, Location 14		
	Corridor, Location 16		
	Lounge, Location 18		
	Lunch Room, Location 19		
	Washroom, Location 20		
	Washroom, Location 21		
	Janitor, Location 22		
24"x48", lay-in, fleck,	VIA OTS, Location 10	03/28/2010	None Detected
Photo 5	VIA Train Operations, Location 11		
	VIA Office, Location 12		
12"x12", glued-on,	VIA OTS, Location 10	Tile - Wood fibre	Non-asbestos
ordered pinhole, Photo 6		Mastic - 0005A-C	None Detected
24"x48", lay-in, small fleck with pinhole, Photo 7	Customs Area, Location 24	05/15/2018	None-asbestos

Some of the ceiling tiles noted in the table are presumed to be non-asbestos based on the date of manufacture determined from the date stamp applied to the top of the tiles. The tiles were manufactured after asbestos stopped being used in acoustic ceiling tiles or based on the nature of the material (wood fibre).



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Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3



Photo 4



Photo 5



Photo 6



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Photo 7

3.1.5 Plaster

Non-asbestos smooth plaster is present as a wall and ceiling finish throughout the building (samples 0002A-E).

Non-asbestos grey plaster is present on the chimney within the Attic, Location 5 (samples 0003A-C).

Non-asbestos grey textured plaster is present as a ceiling finish with VIA OTS, Location 10 (samples 0004A-C). The 12"x12" ordered pinhole (wood fibre) ceiling tile are applied to the material.



Non-asbestos plaster ceiling within the Men's Washroom, Location 8



Non-asbestos plaster present on the chimney within the Attic, Location 15

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Non-asbestos grey textured plaster ceiling finish behind the 12"x12" order pinhole (wood fibre) ceiling tiles within the VIA OTS, Location 10

3.1.6 Drywall Joint Compound

Drywall joint compound present on wall and ceiling finishes throughout the building does not contain asbestos (samples 0001A-G and 0017A-C).

3.1.7 Vinyl Floor Tile and Mastic

Vinyl floor tiles are present as follows:

Size, Pattern, Colour and Photo #	Locations	Sample Number	Asbestos Type (tile)	Asbestos Type (mastic)
12"x12", dark grey flakes, Photo 1	Ticket Office, Location 2 Corridor, Location 16	0006A-C	None Detected	None Detected
12"x12", white with brown lines, Photo 2	East Stairs, Location 7 Washroom, Location 9 West Stairs, Location 13 Washroom, Location 20 Washroom, Location 21 Janitor, Location 22	0007A-C	None Detected	None Detected
12"x12", light grey flakes, Photo 3	VIA OTS, Location 10 VIA Train Operations, Location 11 VIA Office, Location 12	0008A-C	None Detected	Presumed
12"x12", white with	East Stairs, Location 7	0009A-C	None	None



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Size, Pattern, Colour and Photo #	Locations	Sample Number	Asbestos Type (tile)	Asbestos Type (mastic)
beige specks, Photo 4	Lunch Room, Location 19		Detected	Detected
12"x12", cream with brown streak, Photo 5	Furnace Room, Location 25	0018A-C	None Detected	None Detected
12"x12", grey with light grey fleck, Photo 6	Customs Area, Location 24 Washroom, Location 26 Telephone Room, Location 27	0019A-C	None Detected	None Detected



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3



Photo 4

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Photo 5 Photo 6

3.1.8 Levelling Compound

Non-asbestos grey levelling compound is present below 12"x12" dark grey flakes and 12"x12" light grey flakes vinyl floor tiles (samples 0006A, C, phase c and samples 0009A, B, phase c).

Levelling compound is often used in random and isolated areas and without removing all flooring may not always be detected.

3.1.9 Sealants, Caulking, and Putty

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Sealants and caulking are present as follows:

Colour, Type, Photo #	Locations (Quantity)	Sample Number	Asbestos Type
Black, butyl tape, Photo 1	Located between the glass and metal window frames within the East Stairs, Location 7 and 17 (250 LF)	0012A-C	Chrysotile
Red and green, caulking, Photo 2	Located around exterior side of all window and door frames	0013A-C	Chrysotile
Grey (hard), caulking	Located around exterior side of door frames	0014A-C	Chrysotile
Grey (soft), caulking	Located around exterior side of all window and door frames on top of asbestoscontaining red and green caulking	0015A-C	None Detected

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DINIGHTAL	Hazardous Building Mat
PINCHIN'	4267 Bridge Street, Niaga
	The Regional Municipality

Colour, Type, Photo #	Locations (Quantity)	Sample Number	Asbestos Type
Brown, caulking, Photo 3	Located between the brick and metal window frames within the East Stairs, Location 7 and 17	0016A-C	None Detected

Caulking and sealants are a non-friable material and in good condition.



Photo 1



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Photo 2



Photo 3

3.1.10 Presumed Asbestos Materials

A number of materials which might contain asbestos were not sampled during this assessment due to limitations in scope and methodology. Where present, these materials are presumed to contain asbestos until otherwise proven by sampling and analysis.

Materials presumed to contain asbestos include:

Roofing, felts and tar

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- December 20, 2018 Pinchin File: 218282.011
- Electrical components or wiring within control centers, breakers, motors or lights, insulation on wiring
- Vermiculite in concrete block wall cavities
- Soffit and fascia boards
- Mechanical packing, ropes and gaskets
- Fire resistant doors or metal clad finishes

3.2 Lead

3.2.1 Paints and Surface Coatings

The following table summarizes the analytical results for paints sampled and locations.

Sample Number	Colour, Substrate Description	Locations	Lead (%)
L-001	Red paint on wood door frame	Women's Washroom, Location 3	0.013
L-002	White paint on plaster wall	Men's Washroom, Location 8	0.12
L-003	Grey paint on drywall wall	Women's Washroom, Location 3	<0.0053
L-004	White paint on drywall wall	Baggage Room, Location 4	<0.0050
L-005	Dark beige paint on plaster ceiling	Ticket Office, Location 2	0.45
L-006	Red paint on structural steel	Baggage Room, Location 4	0.020
L-007	Beige paint on wood window frame	2 nd Floor Open Area, Location 14	0.43

All paints containing elevated levels of lead were found to be in good condition and not flaking, peeling or delaminating.

Paints with elevated levels of lead were observed to be flaking within the Ticket Office, Location 2. Approximately 10 square feet of paint is peeling off the plaster ceiling and lying on the backside of the ceiling tiles.

3.2.2 Lead Products and Applications

Lead-containing batteries are present in emergency lighting.



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Lead-acid batteries within emergency lighting

3.2.3 Presumed Lead Materials

Lead may be present in a number of materials which were not assessed and/or sampled. The following materials, where found, should be considered to contain lead.

- Electrical components, including wiring connectors, grounding conductors, and solder
- Solder on pipe connections

3.3 Silica

Crystalline silica is a presumed component of the following materials:

- Poured or pre-cast concrete
- Masonry and mortar
- Plaster

3.4 Mercury

3.4.1 Lamps

Mercury vapour is present in fluorescent lamps.

3.4.2 Mercury-Containing Devices

Mercury is present as a liquid in thermostats ampules.

PG

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Liquid mercury in thermostats within the 2nd Floor

3.5 **Polychlorinated Biphenyls**

3.5.1 Caulking

Brown, grey and green/red caulking is present at exterior window and door frames (samples PCB-01, PCB-02, PCB-03) and contains <0.5 ppm PCBs. The materials are a non-PCB solid based on the threshold (50 ppm).

3.5.2 Lighting Ballasts

The building has not been comprehensively re-lamped with new energy efficient light ballasts and lamps, and as such, a percentage of light ballasts may be manufactured prior to 1980 and may contain PCBs.

3.5.3 Transformers

Transformers were not found during the assessment.

3.6 Mould

Visible mould growth is present on drywall wall finishes around the custodial sink and door frame within the Women's Washroom, Location 3. There is approximately 3 square feet of visible mould growth.

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Visible mould growth around the door frame in the Women's Washroom, Location 3

Visible mould growth around the custodial sink in the Women's Washroom, Location 3

4.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 General

Perform a detailed intrusive assessment prior to building renovation or demolition operations. The assessment should include; destructive testing (i.e. coring and/or removal of building finishes and components), and sampling of materials not previously tested (i.e. roofing materials, caulking, mastics). This report does not provide sufficient detail for most renovation or demolition.

4.2 Remedial Work

The following remedial work is recommended.

Material, Quantity & Condition	Location	Recommended Procedure	
Dark beige paint, 5 SF, peeling	Ticket Office, Location 2	Remove in accordance with moderate risk lead abatement procedures.	
Mould-impacted drywall, 3 square feet	Women's Washroom, Location 3	Conduct an intrusive mould investigation to determine the extent of mould growth prior to commencing with remedial work.	
		Remove in accordance with CCA Level 1 mould abatement procedures.	

4.3 On-going Management and Maintenance

The following recommendations are made regarding on-going management and maintenance work involving the hazardous materials identified.

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4.3.1 Asbestos

Prepare an Asbestos Management Program (AMP). The AMP should address and document; written work practices, worker training, notifications, policies and responsibilities.

Perform a re-assessment of asbestos materials on an annual basis.

Remove asbestos-containing materials (ACM) prior to alteration or maintenance work if ACM may be disturbed by the work. Follow appropriate asbestos precautions for the classification of work being performed.

Update the asbestos inventory report upon completion of any abatement and removal of asbestoscontaining materials.

4.3.2 Lead

For paints identified as having elevated levels of lead (i.e., greater than the EACO guideline of 0.1% for lead-containing paints), construction disturbance may result in over-exposure to lead dust or fumes. The need for work procedures, engineering controls and personal protective equipment should be assessed on a site specific basis to comply with provincial standards or guidelines. Performing an exposure assessment during work that disturbs lead in paints and coatings may be able to reduce the use of some of these precautions.

Items painted with paints containing elevated levels of lead may be a hazardous waste. Test lead-painted materials for leachable lead prior to disposal. Well adhered paints containing elevated levels of lead on metal substrates do not require leachable lead analysis as the materials can be recycled with the paint intact.

Lead-containing items (i.e. lead-acid batteries) should be recycled when taken out of service.

4.3.3 Silica

Disturbance of silica-containing products during maintenance activities may result in excessive exposures to airborne silica, especially if performed indoors and dry. Cutting, grinding, drilling or demolition of materials containing silica should be completed only with proper respiratory protection and other worker safety precautions that comply with provincial standards or guidelines.

4.3.4 Mercury

Recycle and reclaim mercury from fluorescent lamps and thermostats when taken out of service. Do not break lamps or separate liquid mercury from components. Mercury is classified as a hazardous waste and must be disposed or recycled in accordance with local regulations.

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4.3.5 PCBs

When light fixtures are removed from service, examine light ballasts for PCB content. If ballasts are not clearly labelled as "non-PCB", or are suspected to contain PCBs; package and ship ballasts for destruction at a federally permitted facility.

4.3.6 Mould

Conduct an intrusive mould investigation to determine the extent of mould growth. The investigation should identify the source of the water intrusion that contributed to the mould growth and water damage observed during this assessment.

5.0 TERMS AND LIMITATIONS

This work was performed subject to the Terms and Limitations presented or referenced in the proposal for this project.

Information provided by Pinchin is intended for Client use only. Pinchin will not provide results or information to any party unless disclosure by Pinchin is required by law. Any use by a third party of reports or documents authored by Pinchin or any reliance by a third party on or decisions made by a third party based on the findings described in said documents, is the sole responsibility of such third parties. Pinchin accepts no responsibility for damages suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions conducted. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

6.0 REFERENCES

The following legislation and documents were referenced in completing the assessment and this report:

- Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations, Ontario Regulation 278/05.
- Designated Substances, Ontario Regulation 490/09.
- 3. Lead on Construction Projects, Ministry of Labour Guidance Document.
- The Environmental Abatement Council of Ontario (EACO) Lead Guideline for Construction, Renovation, Maintenance or Repair, October 2014.
- 5. Ministry of the Environment Regulation, R.R.O. 1990 Reg. 347 as amended.
- 6. Surface Coating Materials Regulations, SOR/2005-109, Hazardous Products Act.
- 7. Silica on Construction Projects, Ministry of Labour Guidance Document.
- 8. Alert Mould in Workplace Buildings, Ontario Ministry of Labour.

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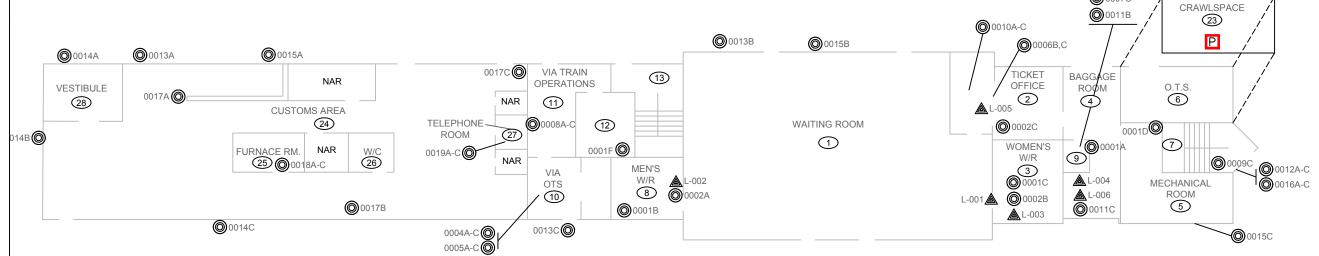
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APPENDIX I Drawings







1ST FLOOR



LEGEND:

X PINCHIN LOCATION NUMBER

ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLE

LEAD BULK SAMPLE

NAR NO ACCESS TO ROOM/AREA

ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS:

P PIPE INSULATION

FOR CLARITY, THE FOLLOWING ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS, ARE PRESENT BUT HAVE NOT BEEN HATCHED ON THE DRAWING:

• WINDOW BUTYL TAPE

• EXTERIOR CAULKING

NOT ALL KNOWN OR SUSPECTED HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS MAY BE DEPICTED ON THE DRAWING. REFER TO THE HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS ASSESSMENT REPORT FOR A COMPLETE LIST OF KNOWN AND SUSPECTED HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS.

LEGEND IS COLOUR DEPENDENT. NON-COLOUR COPIES MAY ALTER INTERPRETATION.

CLIENT:

00007C

THE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF NIAGARA THOROLD, ONTARIO

LOCATION:

4267 BRIDGE STREET NIAGARA FALLS, ONTARIO

TITLE:

HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS ASSESSMENT SITE PLAN

	DATE:	PROJECT #:
	DECEMBER 2018	218282.011
	DRAWN BY:	DRAWING:
	J.M.B.	2018
	CHECKED BY:	MARCH
	M.P.G.	1 OF 1
	SCALE:	AWING
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APPENDIX II-A Asbestos Analytical Certificates





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego Date Received: December 10, 2018
Lab Reference No.: b201847 Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

Analyst(s): W. Mirza / T. Tran # Samples submitted: 27

Phases analyzed: 42

Method of Analysis:

EPA 600/R-93/116 - Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials dated July, 1993

Bulk samples are checked visually and scanned under a stereomicroscope. Slides are prepared and observed under a Polarized Light Microscope (PLM) at magnifications of 40X, 100X or 400X as appropriate. Asbestos fibres are identified by a combination of morphology, colour, refractive index, extinction, sign of elongation, birefringence and dispersion staining colours. A visual estimate is made of the percentage of asbestos present. A reported concentration of less than (<) the regulatory threshold (see chart below) indicates the presence of confirmed asbestos in trace quantities, limited to only a few fibres or fibre bundles in an entire sample. This method complies with provincial regulatory requirements where applicable. Multiple phases within a sample are analyzed and reported separately.

Provincial Jurisdiction	Regulatory Threshold	Provincial Jurisdiction	Regulatory Threshold
Ontario, British Columbia, Nova Scotia	0.5%	Alberta	Undefined
Quebec	0.1%	Saskatchewan	0.5% friable 1% non-friable
PEI, NWT, Yukon, Nunavut, Newfoundland and Labrador, and New Brunswick	1%	Manitoba	0.1% friable 1% non-friable

All bulk samples submitted to this laboratory for asbestos analysis are retained for a minimum of three months. Samples may be retrieved, upon request, for re-examination at any time during that period.

Pinchin Ltd. is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab Code 101270-0) for the 'EPA-600/M4-82-020: Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples,' and the 'EPA 600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials'; and meets all requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

This report relates only to the items tested.

NOTE: This test report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. The client may not use this report to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report is valid only when signed in blue ink by the analyst. Vinyl asbestos floor tiles contain very fine fibres of asbestos and may be missed by some laboratories using the PLM method. Internal verification studies performed by Pinchin indicate that the chance of missing asbestos in floor tiles is no higher than about 2%. The vinyl tile study and laboratory documentation on measurement uncertainty is available upon request. The analysis of dust samples by PLM cannot be used as an indicator of past or present airborne asbestos fibre levels.





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201847

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0001A drywall joint compound / baggage room, Loc 4 wall	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0001B drywall joint compound / men's washroom, Loc 8, column	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0001C drywall joint compound / women's washroom, Loc 3 wall	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, off-white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, white, layered, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0001D drywall joint compound / mechanical room, Loc 5 wall	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0001E drywall joint compound / 2nd floor open area, Loc 14 wall	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, off-white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, white, layered drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0001F drywall joint compound / VIA train office, Loc 12 column	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201847

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0001G drywall joint compound /	Homogeneous, white, layered drywall joint compound / compound.		Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
Comments:	Cellulose is present on the	L surface of this sample			
0002A smooth plaster / men's washroom, Loc 8	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, grey, hard, cementitious, plaster base coat.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
00000	b) Homogeneous, white, hard, cementitious, plaster top coat.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
0002B smooth plaster / women's washroom, Loc 3	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, grey, hard, cementitious, plaster base coat.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
	b) Homogeneous, white, hard, cementitious, plaster top coat.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
0002C smooth plaster / ticket office, Loc 2	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, grey, hard, cementitious, plaster base coat.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
	b) Homogeneous, white, hard, cementitious, plaster top coat.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201847

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0002D	2 Phases:				
smooth plaster / 2nd floor	a) Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected	Hair	< 0.5%	
open corridor, Loc 16	hard, cementitious, plaster		Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	base coat.				
	b) Homogeneous, white,	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	hard, cementitious, plaster				
	top coat.				
Comments:	Phase a) is small in size.				
0002E	2 Phases:				
smooth plaster / 2nd floor	a) Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected	Hair	< 0.5%	
open corridor, Loc 16	hard, cementitious, plaster		Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	base coat.				
	b) Homogeneous, white,	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	hard, cementitious, plaster				
	top coat.				
0003A	Homogeneous, grey, hard,	None Detected	Cellulose	0.5-5%	
grey plaster / attic chimney,	· •		Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
Loc 15	material.	News Batastad	1122	0.5.50/	
0003B	Homogeneous, grey, hard,	None Detected	Hair	0.5-5%	
grey plaster / attic chimney,	•		Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
Loc 15 0003C	material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
grey plaster / attic chimney,	Homogeneous, grey, hard,	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 15%	
Loc 15	material.				
0004A	Homogeneous, light grey,	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
grey textured plaster ceiling		Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	- 1370	
/ VIA OTS, Loc 10	material.				
, VIA 010, LOC 10	material.				





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201847

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER	OTHER	
0004B grey textured plaster ceiling / VIA OTS, Loc 10	Homogeneous, light grey, hard, cementitious, plaster material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
Comments:	Another phase is present but this sample.	ut was not analyzed as reque	ested. Cellulose is present on the	surface of	
0004C grey textured plaster ceiling / VIA OTS, Loc 10	Homogeneous, light grey, hard, cementitious, plaster material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
Comments:	Cellulose is present on the	surface of this sample.			
0005A brown 12x12 ceiling tile mastic / VIA OTS, Loc 10	Homogeneous, brown, hard, adhesive material.	None Detected	Wollastonite Non-Fibrous Material	5-10% > 75%	
Comments:	Another phase is present but this sample.	ut was not analyzed as reque	ested. Cellulose is present on the	surface of	
0005B brown 12x12 ceiling tile mastic / VIA OTS, Loc 10	Homogeneous, brown, hard, adhesive material.	None Detected	Wollastonite Non-Fibrous Material	5-10% > 75%	
Comments:	Cellulose is present on the	surface of this sample.	•		
0005C brown 12x12 ceiling tile mastic / VIA OTS, Loc 10	Homogeneous, brown, hard, adhesive material.	None Detected	Wollastonite Non-Fibrous Material	5-10% > 75%	
Comments:	Another phase is present but this sample.	ut was not analyzed as reque	ested. Cellulose is present on the	surface of	





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201847

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0006A 12x12 dark grey flakes floor tile / 2nd floor corridor, Loc 16	3 Phases: a) Homogeneous, dark grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
LOC 10	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	c) Homogeneous, grey, levelling compound.	None Detected	Cellulose Non-Fibrous Material	< 0.5% > 75%	
0006B 12x12 dark grey flakes floor tile / ticket office, Loc 2	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, dark grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile. b) Homogeneous, yellow,	None Detected None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material Non-Fibrous Material	> 75% > 75%	
	soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	Tione Belletie	THE THE BIRD WATER A	1070	
0006C 12x12 dark grey flakes floor tile / ticket office, Loc 2	3 Phases: a) Homogeneous, dark grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
_	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	c) Homogeneous, grey, levelling compound.	None Detected	Cellulose Non-Fibrous Material	< 0.5% > 75%	





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201847

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)	
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER	
0007A 12x12 white with brown lines floor tile / west stairs, Loc 13	2x12 white with brown a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.		Non-Fibrous Material > 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Tar and other non- > 75% fibrous	
0007B 12x12 white with brown lines floor tile / Janitor, Loc 22	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, brown, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Tar and other non- > 75% fibrous	
0007C 12x12 white with brown lines floor tile / washroom, Loc 9	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Tar and other non- > 75% fibrous	

Reviewed by: Reporting Analyst:







Special Instructions: analyze only plaster on sample set 0004, analyze on brown mastic on sample set 0005

Pinchin Ltd. - Asbestos Laboratory Internal Asbestos Bulk Sample Chain of Custody

Client Name:	Reginal Municipality of Niagara			Project Address:	4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, C			
Portfolio/Building No:				Pinchin File:	218282.011			
Submitted by:	Matt Gibbs			Email:	mgibbs@pinchin.com			
CC Results to:	Chris Mego			CC Email:	cmego@pinchin.com			
Invoice to:	Matt Gibbs			Invoice Email:	mgibbs@pinchin.com			
Date Submitted:	December	6	2018	Required by:	December	10	2018	
# of Samples:	34	QX		Priority:	Rush Turnaround			
	Year of Building Construction (Mandatory Field):				1900			
Do NOT Stop on Positive (Sample Numbers):								
Pinchin Group Company (Mandatory Field):				Pinchin				

To be Comp	leted by Lab	Personnel O	nly:				
Lab Referen	erence #:		101847	Time:		hour clock	
Received by	•	DE(1 U 1018	Date:	Month	Day	Year
Name(s) of Analyst(s): W.M			/T. T		Dec. 6/2/18		
Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sa	mple Descriptio	n/Location (Mand	atory)	
-	0001	Ą	drywall joint com	oound / baggage ro	om, Loc 4 wall V)	
	0001	В,	drywall joint com	pound / men's wash	nroom, Loc 8, columi	n ND	
	0001	C.	drywall joint com	pound / women's w	ashroom, Loc 3 wall	97ND 6)NP	
	0001	D *	drywall joint com	pound / mechanica	l room, Loc 5 wall	ND	
	0001	E	drywall joint com	pound / 2nd floor o	pen area, Loc 14 wal	a)ND	CANADA CA
_	0001	F F	drywall joint com	pound / VIA train of	fice, Loc 12 column	MD	

Win



W-M



Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Location (Mandatory)
	0001	G	drywall joint compound / 2nd floor open area, Loc 14 ceiling \ \emptyseta
	0002	А	smooth plaster / men's washroom, Loc 8 ອີກຽ
	0002	В	smooth plaster / women's washroom, Loc 3
	0002	С	smooth plaster / ticket office, Loc 2
	0002	D	smooth plaster / 2nd floor open corridor, Loc 16 ່າວ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວກ ພວ
	0002	E	smooth plaster / 2nd floor open corridor, Loc 16
	0003	А	grey plaster / attic chimney, Loc 15
	0003	В	grey plaster / attic chimney, Loc 15
	0003	С	grey plaster / attic chimney, Loc 15
	0004	А	grey textured plaster ceiling / VIA OTS, Loc 10 ND
	0004	В	grey textured plaster ceiling / VIA OTS, Loc 10
	0004	С	grey textured plaster ceiling / VIA OTS, Loc 10
	0005	Α	brown 12x12 ceiling tile mastic / VIA OTS, Loc 10
	0005	В	brown 12x12 ceiling tile mastic / VIA OTS, Loc 10
	0005	С	brown 12x12 ceiling tile mastic / VIA OTS, Loc 10
	0006	А	12x12 dark grey flakes floor tile / 2nd floor corridor, Loc 16







	Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Location (Mandatory)
(1.1		0006	В	12x12 dark grey flakes floor tile / ticket office, Loc 2
		0006	С	12x12 dark grey flakes floor tile / ticket office, Loc 2
		0007	А	12x12 white with brown lines floor tile / west stairs, Loc 13
		0007	В	12x12 white with brown lines floor tile / Janitor, Loc 22
2		0007	С	12x12 white with brown lines floor tile / washroom, Loc 9
		0008	Α	12x12 light grey flakes floor tile / VIA train office, Loc 11
1	/	0008	В	12x12 light grey flakes floor tile / VIA train office, Loc 11
		0008	С	12x12 light grey flakes floor tile / V/A train office, Loc 11
		0009	А	12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / lunch room, Loc 19
		0009 .	В	12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / lunch room, Loc 19
	***************************************	0009 -	С	12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / east stairs, Loc 7
		0010	A	24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2
,		0010 _	В	24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2
		0010	С	24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2
		0011	А	24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile / lunch room, Loc 19
		0011·	В	24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile / washroom, Loc 9





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Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Location (Mandatory)
	0011	С	24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile / baggage room, Loc 4
	001.2-	А	butyl tape / east stairs, Loc 7
	0012	В	butyl tape / east stairs, Loc 7
	0012	С	butyl tape / east stairs, Loc 7
	0013	А	wood window caulking (red) / exterior, north window
	0013	В	wood-window-caulking (red) / exterior, north-window
	0013	С	door window caulking (green) / exterior, south door
	0014.	А	hard while door caulking / exterior north door
	0014	В	hard while door caulking / exterior west door
	0014	С	hard while door caulking / exterior south door
	0015	Α /	soft grey caulking / exterior north window
	0015 ·	В	soft grey caulking / exterior north window
	0015	C	soft grey caulking / exterior south window
	0016	Α	brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs
	0016	В	brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs
	0016	С	brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego Date Received: December 10, 2018
Lab Reference No.: Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

Analyst(s): A. Wells / A. Williams # Samples submitted: 27

Phases analyzed: 36

Method of Analysis:

EPA 600/R-93/116 - Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials dated July, 1993

Bulk samples are checked visually and scanned under a stereomicroscope. Slides are prepared and observed under a Polarized Light Microscope (PLM) at magnifications of 40X, 100X or 400X as appropriate. Asbestos fibres are identified by a combination of morphology, colour, refractive index, extinction, sign of elongation, birefringence and dispersion staining colours. A visual estimate is made of the percentage of asbestos present. A reported concentration of less than (<) the regulatory threshold (see chart below) indicates the presence of confirmed asbestos in trace quantities, limited to only a few fibres or fibre bundles in an entire sample. This method complies with provincial regulatory requirements where applicable. Multiple phases within a sample are analyzed and reported separately.

Provincial Jurisdiction	Regulatory Threshold	Provincial Jurisdiction	Regulatory Threshold
Ontario, British Columbia, Nova Scotia	0.5%	Alberta	Undefined
Quebec	0.1%	Saskatchewan	0.5% friable 1% non-friable
PEI, NWT, Yukon, Nunavut, Newfoundland and Labrador, and New Brunswick	1%	Manitoba	0.1% friable 1% non-friable

All bulk samples submitted to this laboratory for asbestos analysis are retained for a minimum of three months. Samples may be retrieved, upon request, for re-examination at any time during that period.

Pinchin Ltd. is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab Code 101270-0) for the 'EPA-600/M4-82-020: Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples,' and the 'EPA 600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials'; and meets all requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

This report relates only to the items tested.

NOTE: This test report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. The client may not use this report to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report is valid only when signed in blue ink by the analyst. Vinyl asbestos floor tiles contain very fine fibres of asbestos and may be missed by some laboratories using the PLM method. Internal verification studies performed by Pinchin indicate that the chance of missing asbestos in floor tiles is no higher than about 2%. The vinyl tile study and laboratory documentation on measurement uncertainty is available upon request. The analysis of dust samples by PLM cannot be used as an indicator of past or present airborne asbestos fibre levels.





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201849

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0008A 12x12 light grey flakes floor tile / VIA train office, Loc 11	, -	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
	Homogeneous, grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
Comments:	There was no mastic in this	sample to be analyzed.			
0008C 12x12 light grey flakes floor tile / VIA train office, Loc 11	, -	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		
	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%		





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201849

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0009A 12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / lunch room, Loc 19	4 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
, com, 200 To	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
	c) Homogeneous, grey, levelling compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
	d) Homogeneous, light grey, hard, cementitious material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
0009B 12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / lunch room, Loc 19	4 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
	c) Homogeneous, grey, levelling compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	
	d) Homogeneous, light grey, hard, cementitious material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75	5%	





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201849

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0009C 12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / east stairs, Loc 7	3 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.		Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	c) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Tar and other non- fibrous	> 75%	
0010A	Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected	Cellulose	25-50%	
24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2	layered, compressed, acoustic ceiling tile.		Man-made Vitreous Fibres	25-50%	
			Perlite	25-50%	
			Other Non-Fibrous	0.5-5%	
0010B	Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected	Cellulose	25-50%	
24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2	layered, compressed, acoustic ceiling tile.		Man-made Vitreous Fibres	25-50%	
lioket office, 200 2	doods to coming the.		Perlite	25-50%	
			Other Non-Fibrous	0.5-5%	
0010C	Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected	Cellulose	25-50%	
24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2	layered, compressed, acoustic ceiling tile.		Man-made Vitreous Fibres	25-50%	
,			Perlite	25-50%	
			Other Non-Fibrous	0.5-5%	
0011A	Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected	Cellulose	25-50%	
24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile /	layered, compressed, acoustic ceiling tile.		Man-made Vitreous Fibres	25-50%	
lunch room, Loc 19	accasa coming are.		Perlite	25-50%	
,			Other Non-Fibrous	0.5-5%	





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201849

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

DESCRIPTION Homogeneous, beige, layered, compressed, acoustic ceiling tile. Homogeneous, beige, layered, compressed,	ASBESTOS None Detected None Detected		OTHER Cellulose Man-made Vitreous Fibres Perlite Other Non-Fibrous	25-50% 25-50%
layered, compressed, acoustic ceiling tile. Homogeneous, beige,			Man-made Vitreous Fibres Perlite	25-50%
Homogeneous, beige,	None Detected		Perlite	05 500/
	None Detected		Other Nen Eibreug	25-50%
	None Detected			0.5-5%
•			Cellulose Man-made Vitreous Fibres	25-50% 25-50%
ŭ			Perlite	25-50%
				0.5-5%
Homogeneous, black, caulking material.	Chrysotile	0.5-5%	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%
			Not Analyzed	
Analysis was stopped due t	o a previous positive result.			
			Not Analyzed	
Analysis was stopped due t	o a previous positive result.			
2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material.	None Detected		Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%
b) Homogeneous, red, caulking material.	Chrysotile	0.5-5%	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%
			Not Analyzed	
/ / / / k	Analysis was stopped due to Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material. Analysis was stopped due to Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material. b) Homogeneous, red, caulking material.	Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result. Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result. Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material. D) Homogeneous, red, caulking material. Chrysotile Chrysotile Chrysotile Chrysotile Chrysotile	Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result. Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result. Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result. Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material. b) Homogeneous, red, caulking material. Chrysotile Chrysotile 0.5-5%	Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result. Analysis was stopped due to a previous positive result.





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201849

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER		
0013C door window caulking (green) / exterior, south door			Not Analyzed		
Comments:	Analysis was stopped due	to a previous positive result.			
0014A hard while door caulking / exterior north door	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, grey, caulking material.	Chrysotile 0.5-5%	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0014B hard while door caulking / exterior west door	Homogeneous, white, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
0014C hard while door caulking / exterior south door	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, white, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, grey, caulking material.		Not Analyzed		
Comments:	Analysis of phase b) was s	topped due to a previous positive res	sult.		
0015A soft grey caulking / exterior north window	2 Phases:	None Detected	Synthetic Fibres Non-Fibrous Material	0.5-5% > 75%	
	b) Homogeneous, white, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%	





Project Name: Regional Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, ON

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: M. Gibbs / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b201849

Date Analyzed: December 10, 2018

BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITI	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)			
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER			
0015B soft grey caulking / exterior north window	Homogeneous, grey, caulking material.	None Detected	Synthetic Fibres Non-Fibrous Material	0.5-5% > 75%		
0015C soft grey caulking / exterior south window	Homogeneous, grey, caulking material.	None Detected	Synthetic Fibres Non-Fibrous Material	0.5-5% > 75%		
0016A brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs	Homogeneous, brown, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
0016B brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs	Homogeneous, brown, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
0016C brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs	Homogeneous, brown, caulking material.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		

Reviewed by: Reporting Analyst:



To be Completed by Lab Personnel Only:

Lab Reference #:





Special Instructions: analyze only plaster on sample set 0004, analyze on brown mastic on sample set 0005

Pinchin Ltd. - Asbestos Laboratory Internal Asbestos Bulk Sample Chain of Custody

Client Name:	Reginal Municipality of Niagara		Project Address:	4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On 218282.011 mgibbs@pinchin.com cmego@pinchin.com			
Portfolio/Building No:			Email:				
Submitted by:	Matt Gibbs Chris Mego						
CC Results to:							
Invoice to:	Matt Gibbs			Invoice Email:	mgibbs@pinchin.com		
Date Submitted:	December	6	2018	Required by:	December	10	2018
# of Samples:	27			Priority:	Rush	Turnarou	nd
Year of Building Constr	Year of Building Construction (Mandatory Field):			1900			
Do NOT Stop on Positive (Sample Numbers):							
Pinchin Group Company (Mandatory Field):			***************************************	Pinchin			

b201849 Time:

Lab Helefelice #.			DE010-3	i iiii.			
Received by: December 10,2018 Date:			Date:	Month	Day	Year	
Name(s) of A	Analyst(s):	AN	18-10-10				
Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	San	nple Descriptio	on/Location (Man	datory)	
	8,000	Α	12x12 light grey fla		A train office, Loc 11		
	0008	В	12x12 light grey fla	akes floor tile / VI	A train office, Loc 11		
	0008	С	12x12 light grey fla		A train office, Loc 11		
	0009	А	I	peige specks floor	r tile / lunch room, Lo	oc 19	
	0009	В	12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / lunch room, Loc 19				
	0009	С	12x12 white with beige specks floor tile / east stairs, Loc 7				

34

24 hour clock





Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Location (Ma	ndatory)
	0010	Α	24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2	N
	0010	В	24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2	1)
	0010	С	24x48 pinhole ceiling tile / ticket office, Loc 2	
	0011	А	24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile / luncl	n room, Loc 19
	0011	В	24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile / wasl	nroom, Loc 9
	0011	С	24x48 width-wise fissure and pinhole ceiling tile / bagg	gage room, Loc 4
	0012	А	butyl tape / east stairs, Loc 7 CHO. 5-59	
	0012	В	butyl tape / east stairs, Loc 7	
	0012	С	butyl tape / east stairs, Loc 7	
	0013	А	wood window caulking (red) / exterior, north window	2402-Q.
	0013	В	wood window caulking (red) / exterior, north window	6) CH 0.5-07.
	0013	С	door window caulking (green) / exterior, south door	-NA-
	0014	А	hard while door caulking / exterior north door	a) ND 6) (4055).
	0014	В	hard while door caulking / exterior west door	ND
	0014	С	hard while door caulking / exterior south door	a) NA -
	0015	А	soft grey caulking / exterior north window	asno b)no





Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Location (Mandatory)	
	0015	В	soft grey caulking / exterior north window	NO
	0015	С	soft grey caulking / exterior south window	ND
	0016	А	brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs	<i>QU</i>
	0016	В	brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs	ND
	0016	С	brown exterior door caulking / exterior, east stairs	ND

5





Project Name: Reginal Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: K. Douglas / C. Mego Date Received: December 19, 2018
Lab Reference No.: b202380 Date Analyzed: December 19, 2018

Analyst(s): M. Tipgos # Samples submitted: 9

Phases analyzed: 15

Method of Analysis:

EPA 600/R-93/116 - Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials dated July, 1993

Bulk samples are checked visually and scanned under a stereomicroscope. Slides are prepared and observed under a Polarized Light Microscope (PLM) at magnifications of 40X, 100X or 400X as appropriate. Asbestos fibres are identified by a combination of morphology, colour, refractive index, extinction, sign of elongation, birefringence and dispersion staining colours. A visual estimate is made of the percentage of asbestos present. A reported concentration of less than (<) the regulatory threshold (see chart below) indicates the presence of confirmed asbestos in trace quantities, limited to only a few fibres or fibre bundles in an entire sample. This method complies with provincial regulatory requirements where applicable. Multiple phases within a sample are analyzed and reported separately.

Provincial Jurisdiction	Regulatory Threshold	Provincial Jurisdiction	Regulatory Threshold
Ontario, British Columbia, Nova Scotia	0.5%	Alberta	Undefined
Quebec	0.1%	Saskatchewan	0.5% friable 1% non-friable
PEI, NWT, Yukon, Nunavut, Newfoundland and Labrador, and New Brunswick	1%	Manitoba	0.1% friable 1% non-friable

All bulk samples submitted to this laboratory for asbestos analysis are retained for a minimum of three months. Samples may be retrieved, upon request, for re-examination at any time during that period.

Pinchin Ltd. is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab Code 101270-0) for the 'EPA-600/M4-82-020: Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples,' and the 'EPA 600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials'; and meets all requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

This report relates only to the items tested.

NOTE: This test report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. The client may not use this report to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report is valid only when signed in blue ink by the analyst. Vinyl asbestos floor tiles contain very fine fibres of asbestos and may be missed by some laboratories using the PLM method. Internal verification studies performed by Pinchin indicate that the chance of missing asbestos in floor tiles is no higher than about 2%. The vinyl tile study and laboratory documentation on measurement uncertainty is available upon request. The analysis of dust samples by PLM cannot be used as an indicator of past or present airborne asbestos fibre levels.





Project Name: Reginal Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: K. Douglas / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b202380

Date Analyzed: December 19, 2018

SAMPLE SAMPLE		% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)				
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER			
0017A drywall joint compound / customs area, wall	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
0017B drywall joint compound / customs area, wall	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
0017C drywall joint compound / customs area, wall	Homogeneous, white, drywall joint compound.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
0018A vinyl floor tile 12"x12" cream with brown streak, mechanical room	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
	b) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Tar and other non- fibrous	> 75%		
Comments:	Phase b) is small in size. For	or more reliable results, a larger	sample is required.			
0018B vinyl floor tile 12"x12" cream with brown streak, mechanical room	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material	> 75%		
	b) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Tar and other non- fibrous	> 75%		





Project Name: Reginal Municipality of Niagara, 4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On

Project No.: 0218282.011

Prepared For: K. Douglas / C. Mego

Lab Reference No.: b202380

Date Analyzed: December 19, 2018

BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	% COMPOSITION (VISUAL ESTIMATE)				
IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	ASBESTOS	OTHER			
0018C vinyl floor tile 12"x12" cream with brown streak, mechanical room	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, beige, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
	b) Homogeneous, black, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
0019A vinyl floor tile 12"x12" grey with light grey fleck, telephone room	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
Comments:	Phase b) is small in size. For	or more reliable results, a larger sam	ple is required.			
0019B vinyl floor tile 12"x12" grey with light grey fleck, telephone room	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
0019C vinyl floor tile 12"x12" grey with light grey fleck, telephone room	2 Phases: a) Homogeneous, grey, consolidated, vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
	b) Homogeneous, yellow, soft, sticky material on the back of vinyl floor tile.	None Detected	Non-Fibrous Material > 75%			
Comments:	Phase b) is small in size. For	or more reliable results, a larger sam	ple is required.			

Reviewed by: Reporting Analyst:





Analyzed by: MT 2014/12/19
Reviewed by: MT 2014/12/19

Special Instructions:

Pinchin Ltd. - Asbestos Laboratory Internal Asbestos Bulk Sample Chain of Custody

Report Sent by:.

Client Name:	Reginal Municipality of Niagara		Project Address:	4267 Bridge St, Niagara Falls, On			
Portfolio/Building No:			Pinchin File:	218282.011			
Submitted by:	Kris Douglas			Email:	kdouglas@pinchin.com		
CC Results to:	Chris Mego		CC Email:	cmego@pinchin.com			
Invoice to:	Kris Douglas		Kris Douglas Invoice Email:	Invoice Email:	kdouglas@pinchin.com		
Date Submitted:	December	mber 18 2018		Required by:	December 19 2018		
# of Samples:	9			Priority:	Rush Turnaround		
Year of Building Construction (<i>Mandatory Field</i>):			1900				
Do NOT Stop on Positive (Sample Numbers):							
Pinchin Group Company (Mandatory Field):				Pinchin			

To be Comp	leted by Lab	Personnel C	only:	ayes —	74	
Lab Reference #:			2380 JR Time:	24	hour clock	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Received by	*		DEC 1 9 2018 Date: Month Day			
Name(s) of A	Analyst(s):					
Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Lo	ocation (Mand	atory)	
	0017	Α	drywall joint compound / customs area,	wall ***********************************	11/7	
	0017	В	drywall joint compound / customs area,	wall	W)	
	0017	С	drywall joint compound / customs area,	wall		
	0018	Α	vinyl floor tile 12"x12" cream with brown	streak, mechani	cal room	VIM
	0018	В	vinyl floor tile 12"x12" cream with brown	streak, mechani	cal room	1/12





Sample Prefix	Sample No.	Sample Suffix	Sample Description/Location (Mandatory)
	0018	С	vinyl floor tile 12"x12" cream with brown streak, mechanical room
	0019	Α	vinyl floor tile 12"x12" grey with light grey fleck, telephone room
	0019	В	vinyl floor tile 12"x12" grey with light grey fleck telephone room
	0019	С	vinyl floor tile 12"x12" grey with light grey fleck, telephone room

APPENDIX II-B
Lead Analytical Certificates



Analysis for Lead Concentration in Paint Chips



by Flame Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy EPA SW-846 3050B/6010C/7000B

Customer: Pinchin Ltd. Matthew Gibbs **Lab Order ID:** 51832537

6-875 Main St West Chris Mego

Suite 200 Hamilton, Ontario L8S 4P9

218282.011, 4267 Bridge St Niagara Falls On, RMON **Project:**

Analysis ID: 51832537_PBP **Date Received:** 12/11/2018 **Date Reported:** 12/12/2018

Sample ID Lab Sample ID	Description Lab Notes	Mass (g)	Concentration (ppm)	Concentration (% by weight)
L-001	Red paint on door frame/women's washroom, loc 3	0.0704	130	0.013%
L-002	White paint on plaster wall/men's washroom, loc 8	0.1001	1200	0.12%
L-003	Grey paint on drywall wall/women's washroom, loc 3	0.0754	< 53	< 0.0053%
L-004 51832537PBP_4	White paint on drywall wall/baggage room, loc 4	0.0805	< 50.	< 0.0050%
L-005 51832537PBP_5	Dark beige paint on plaster ceiling/ticket office, loc 2	0.0667	4500	0.45%
L-006 51832537PBP_6	Red paint on structural steel/baggage room, loc 4	0.0519	200	0.020%
L-007	Beige paint on wood window frame/2nd floor open area, loc 14	0.0879	4300	0.43%

Unless otherwise noted blank sample correction was not performed on analytical results. Scientific Analytical Institute participates in the AIHA ELPAT program. ELPAT Laboratory ID: 173190. This report relates only to the samples tested and may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of SAI. Analytical uncertainty available upon request. The quality control samples run with the samples in this report have passed all EPA required specifications unless otherwise noted. RL: (Report Limit for an undiluted 50ml sample is 4µg Total Pb).

Melissa Ferrell (7)

Analyst

Version 1-15-2012

Invoice to:

mgibbs@pinchin.com

M. Gibbs, C. Mego Contact:

Address: 6-875 Main St W, Hamilton, ON Phone:

Pinchin Ltd.

2899256907

218282.011

Fax:

Email:

Project:

P.O. #.

Client:

mgibbs@pinchin.com, cmego@pinchin.com

218282.011, 4267 Bridge St Niagara Falls On, RMON

% lead by weight Client Notes:

Date Submitted: Dec 5 2018

Analysis: % lead by weight

TurnAroundTime: rush *Instructions:

Use Column "B" for your contact info

To See an Example Click the bottom Example Tab.

Enter samples between "<<" and ">>"

Begin Samples with a "<< "above the first sample and end with a ">>" below the last sample. Only Enter your data on the first sheet "Sheet1"

Note: Data 1 and Data 2 are optional fields that do not show up on the official report, however they will be included in the electronic data returned to you to facilitate your reintegration of the report data. Scientific Analytical Institute

> 4604 Dundas Drive Greensboro, NC 27407 Phone: 336.292.3888

Fax: 336.292.3313 Email: lab@sailab.com

Sample Number	Data 1 (Lab use only)	Sample Description	Data 2 (Lab use only\)
<<			
L-001		red paint on door frame / women's washroom, Loc	c 3
L-002		white paint on plaster wall / men's washroom, Loc	8
L-003		grey paint on drywall wall / women's washroom, L	.oc 3
L-004		white paint on drywall wall / baggage room, Loc 4	
L-005		dark beige paint on plaster ceiling / ticket office, L	oc 2
L-006		red paint on structural steel / baggage room, Loc	4
L-007		beige paint on wood window frame / 2nd floor ope	en area, Loc 14

Adollar 1pm

APPENDIX II-C
PCB Analytical Certificates



AEVITAS INC. (AYR) ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT 75 WANLESS COURT, AYR, ONTARIO, NOB 1E0, CANADA WWW.AEVITAS.CA



Certificate of Analysis

Matt Gibbs, Chris Mego

Pinchin Ltd. (Hamilton)
Printed: Dec 10, 2018
11-875 Main Street West, Unit 11, Hamilton, ON L8S 4R9

Report Description: 3 solid sample were submitted for the following chemical analysis

Project Name:VIA Rail Train StationDate Sampled:Dec 05, 2018Project No.:218282.011Date Tested:Dec 10, 2018Site Location:4267 Bridge St Niagara Falls, OnSampled by:Matt Gibbs

Report Number: 18-2258

No.	Analyte	Result	Units	MDL	Comments	Technique / Test Method
1	Sample ID.: PCB-01 - Brown Ca	ulking, Exxterior				
	PCBs in Solid	<0.5	mg/kg	0.5		LAB-M06 (EPA 3550C/8082A modified)
<u>2</u>	Sample ID.: PCB-02 - Soft Grey	Caulking, Exterior				
	PCBs in Solid	<0.5	mg/kg	0.5		LAB-M06 (EPA 3550C/8082A modified)
<u>3</u>	Sample ID.: PCB-03 - Green/Red	d Caulking, Exterior				
	PCBs in Solid	<0.5	mg/kg	0.5		LAB-M06 (EPA 3550C/8082A modified)

Results relate only to the samples tested above, as received.

Approved By:

Son C.H. Le, B. Eng. (Chem.)

Lab Manager

Phone: (519) 740-1333 Ext.: 230 Fax: (519) 740-2320 Email: SonLe@aevitas.ca

The Analytical Chemistry Laboratory of Aevitas Inc. (Ayr) is accredited for specific tests in accordance with the recognised International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (CALA) Inc. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated 8 January 2009). The laboratory quality management system of Aevitas Inc. (Ayr) meets the principles of ISO 9001:2008.

All Analytical data is subject to uncertainty which, may vary with sample matrices, sample preparation techniques and instrumental parameters. As a general guideline, uncertainty may be expressed as approximately +/- 50% of the reported value at or near the Method Detection Limit (MDL) and +/-10% or less, of the reported result that is greater than 10 times the MDL. Method Detection Limits are defined as approximately 3 times the standard deviation value (at 99% confidence level), which is obtained from replicate analysis of a low-level standard as per the Ontario MOE - MISA Protocol for the Sampling and Analysis of Industrial / Municipal Wastewater (1999). MDL determination is based on undiluted samples with relatively low matrix interferences. Where dilutions are required, the reported MDL value will be scaled proportionally.

All testing procedures follow strict guidelines and quality assurance / quality control (QA/QC) protocols. QA/QC data is available for review at any time upon client's request.

APPENDIX III
Methodology

Pinchin File: 218282.011

1.0 GENERAL

Pinchin conducts a room-by-room survey (rooms, corridors, service areas, exterior, etc.) to identify the hazardous building materials as defined by the scope of work. All work is conducted in accordance with our own internal Standard Operating Procedures.

Information regarding the location and condition of hazardous building materials encountered and visually estimated quantities are recorded. The locations of any samples collected are recorded on small-scale plans.

As-built drawings and previous reports are referenced where provided.

1.1 Limitations on Scope

The assessment excludes the following:

- Articles belonging to the owner, tenant or occupant (e.g. stored items, furniture, appliances, etc.);
- Underground materials or equipment (e.g. vessels, drums, underground storage tanks, pipes, etc.);
- Building envelope, structural components, inaccessible or concealed materials or other items where sampling may cause consequential damage to the property;
- Energized systems (e.g. internal boiler components, elevators, mechanical or electrical components);
- Controlled products (e.g. stored chemicals, operational or process-related substances);
 and
- Materials not typically associated with construction (e.g. settled dust, spills, residual contamination from prior spills, etc.).

The assessment is limited to non-intrusive testing. Concealed spaces such as those above solid ceilings and within shafts and pipe chases are accessed via existing access panels only. Demolition of walls, solid ceilings, structural items, interior finishes or exterior building finishes, to determine the presence of concealed materials is not conducted.

1.2 Asbestos

An inspection is conducted for the presence of friable and non-friable asbestos-containing materials (ACM). A friable material is a material that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure.



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Pinchin File: 218282.011

A separate set of samples is collected of each type of homogenous material suspected to contain asbestos. A homogenous material is defined by the US EPA as material that is uniform in texture and appearance, was installed at one time, and is unlikely to consist of more than one type or formulation of material. The homogeneous materials are determined by visual examination and available information on the phases of construction and prior renovations.

Samples are collected at a rate that is in compliance with the requirements of local regulations and guidelines. The sampling strategy is also based on known ban dates and phase out dates of the use of asbestos; sampling of certain building materials is not conducted after specific construction dates. In addition, to be conservative, several years past these dates are added to account for some uncertainty in the exact start / finish date of construction and associated usage of ACM.

In some cases, manufactured products such as asbestos cement pipe are visually identified without sample confirmation.

Drywall joint compound is sampled at exterior walls, columns or other locations that are unlikely to have been renovated in an attempt to determine the presence of asbestos in the original drywall compound. Delineation of asbestos-containing drywall compound from newer, non-asbestos drywall compound is not conducted.

Flooring mastic or adhesive is sampled and analyzed if present on the underside of flooring samples (vinyl floor tile and vinyl sheet flooring).

The bulk samples are submitted to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. The analysis is performed in accordance with Test Method EPA/600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, July 1993.

Analytical results are compared to the following criteria.

Jurisdiction	Friable	Non-Friable
Ontario	0.5%	0.5%

The asbestos analysis is completed using a stop positive approach. Only one result meeting the above regulated criteria is required to determine that a material is asbestos-containing, but all samples must be analyzed to conclusively determine that a material is non-asbestos. The laboratory stops analyzing samples from a homogeneous material once a result equal to or greater than the regulated criteria is detected in any of the samples of that material. All samples of a homogeneous material are analyzed if no asbestos is detected. In some cases, all samples are analyzed in the sample set regardless of result.



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Pinchin File: 218282.011

Where building materials are described in the report as "non-asbestos" or "does not contain asbestos", this means that either no asbestos was detected by the analytical method utilized in any of the multiple samples or, if detected, it is below the lower limit of an asbestos-containing material in the applicable regulation.

Asbestos materials are evaluated in order to make recommendations regarding remedial work. The priority for remedial action is based on several factors:

- Friability (friable or non-friable);
- Condition (good, fair, poor, debris);
- Accessibility (ranking from accessible to all building users to inaccessible);
- Efficiency of the work (for example, if damaged ACM is being removed in an area, it may be most practical to remove all ACM in the area even if it is in good condition).

1.3 Lead

Samples of distinctive paint finishes and surface coatings present in more than a limited application, where removal of the paint is possible is collected. The samples are collected by scraping the painted finish to include base and covering applications. Drawings included show sample locations.

Analysis for lead in paints or surface coatings is performed at an accredited laboratory in accordance with EPA Method No. 3050B/Method No. 7420; flame atomic absorption.

The Ontario Ministry of Labour (MOL) has not established a lower limit for concentrations of lead in paint, below which precautions do not need to be considered during construction projects. Pinchin follows the recommendations of the Environmental Abatement Council of Ontario (EACO) Lead Guideline for Construction, Renovation, Maintenance or Repair. The Guideline suggests that 0.1% (1,000 ppm) lead in paint represents a de minimis concentration of lead in paint for construction hygiene purposes, that is a concentration below which the lead content is not the limiting hazard in any disturbance of leaded paint for non-aggressive disturbance of painted finishes, (hand powered demolition, chipping, scraping, light sanding, etc.). The use of aggressive methods such as power grinding, torching, welding, etc. may result in significant lead exposures even with low concentrations of lead in paints (below 0.1%). Paint and surface coatings are evaluated for condition such as flaking, chipping or spalling.

Other lead building products (e.g. batteries, lead sheeting, flashing) are identified by visual observation only.



1.4 Silica

Building materials known to contain crystalline silica (e.g. concrete, cement, tile, brick, masonry, mortar) is identified by visual inspection only. Pinchin does not perform sampling of these materials for laboratory analysis of crystalline silica content.

1.5 Mercury

Building materials/products/equipment (e.g. thermostats, barometers, pressure gauges, light tubes), suspected to contain mercury are identified by visually inspection only. Dismantling of equipment suspected of containing mercury is not performed. Sampling of these materials for laboratory analysis of mercury content is not performed.

1.6 Polychlorinated Biphenyls

The potential for light ballast and wet transformers to contain PCBs is based on the age of the building, a review of maintenance records and examination of labels or nameplates on equipment, where present and accessible. The information is compared to known ban dates of PCBs and Environment Canada publications.

Dry type transformers are presumed to be free of dielectric fluids and hence non-PCB.

Fluids (mineral oil, hydraulic, Aroclor or Askarel) in transformers or other equipment are not sampled for PCB content.

Caulking or sealants are sampled for PCBs based on the date of construction or installation. Caulking installed after 1985 (1980 ban date plus a reasonable non-compliance period based on our experience) is presumed to be free of PCBs and hence not sampled. If sampled, analysis for PCBs is performed using an ASTM test method appropriate to the sample matrix at an accredited laboratory. Sample results are compared to the criteria of 50 ppm for solids as stated in the PCB Regulation, SOR/2008-273.

1.7 Visible Mould

The presence of mould is determined by visual inspection of exposed building surfaces. If any mould growth is concealed within building cavities it is not addressed in this assessment.

Master Template: Methodology Document for Hazardous Building Materials Management, HAZ, December 1, 2017



Pinchin File: 218282.011

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