# Geotechnical Investigation Report

# Cassie Campbell Community Centre



January 11, 2024

Prepared for: Landscape Planning Ltd.

Cambium Reference: 19060-001

CAMBIUM INC.

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### 1.0 Introduction

Cambium Inc. (Cambium) was retained by Landscape Planning Ltd. (Client) to complete a geotechnical investigation in support of the proposed field hockey dome to be constructed at Cassie Campbell Community Centre Park.

Cassie Campbell Community Centre Park is located at the western corner of Sandalwood Parkway West and Chinguacousy Road in Brampton Ontario. A Site Location Plan is appended to this report as Figure 1. The study area of this investigation is on the northwest side of site on the existing cricket and soccer fields. The project includes a field hockey dome structure, pedestrian pathways, associated servicing, and potential reinstatement of some existing parking lot asphalt. The purpose of the geotechnical investigation was to obtain information about the subsurface conditions by means of a number of boreholes and based on the findings provide geotechnical recommendations for the design of the proposed field hockey dome.



### 2.0 Methodology

#### 2.1 Borehole Investigation

Cambium completed a borehole investigation at the Site on November 14 and 15, 2023. A total of 18 boreholes, designated as BH101-23 through BH118-23, were advanced into the subsurface at predetermined locations throughout the Site. Seven boreholes were terminated at a depth of 5.0 metres below ground surface (mbgs), and the remaining 11 boreholes were terminated at 2.0 mbgs. The boreholes were surveyed using a Topcon Real-time Kinematic (RTK) unit and the elevation of the boreholes was tied to geodetic datum. A Borehole Location Plan, with borehole and benchmark locations is appended as Figure 2 of this report.

Drilling and sampling was completed using a track-mounted drill rig operating under the supervision of a Cambium technician. The boreholes were advanced to the sampling depths by means of continuous flight solid stem augers with 50 mm O.D. split spoon samplers. Standard Penetration Test (SPT) N values were recorded for the sampled intervals as the number of blows required to drive a split spoon sampler 305 mm into the soil, using a 63.5 kg drop hammer falling 750 mm, as per ASTM D1586 procedures. The SPT N values are used in this report to assess consistency of cohesive soils and relative density of non-cohesive materials. Soil samples were collected at approximately 0.75 m intervals. The encountered soil units were logged in the field using visual and tactile methods, and samples were placed in labelled plastic bags for transport, future reference, possible laboratory testing, and storage.

Open boreholes were checked for groundwater and general stability prior to backfilling. All boreholes were backfilled and sealed in accordance with Ontario Regulation (O.Reg.) 903, as amended, and the property was reinstated to pre-existing conditions.

Borehole logs are provided in Appendix A. Site soil and groundwater conditions are described and geotechnical recommendations are discussed in the following sections of this report.

#### 2.2 Laboratory Testing

Physical laboratory testing, including three particle size distribution analyses (LS-702,705), was completed on selected soil samples to confirm textural classification and to assess



geotechnical parameters. Moisture content testing was completed on all soil samples. Testing results are presented in Appendix B and are discussed in Section 3.0.

#### 2.3 Chemical Laboratory Testing

Representative samples collected from the investigation were returned to our laboratory for detailed visual examination. Chemical laboratory soil testing was completed on various soil samples taken for excess soil characterization in accordance with O.Reg. 406/19. Results of the excess soil characterization are compiled in a report under separate cover.



## 3.0 Subsurface Conditions

The detailed soil profiles encountered in the boreholes are indicated on the attached borehole logs in Appendix A. It should be noted that the conditions indicated on the borehole logs are for specific locations only and can vary between and beyond the borehole locations.

Based on the results of the borehole investigation, subsurface conditions at the Site generally consist of a layer of topsoil and / or fill overlaying silty sand, sand and silt or sandy silt deposits.

#### 3.1 Pavement Structure

BH111-23 was advanced on the south side of site through the existing asphalt pathway. 115 mm of asphalt was observed at the surface. Underlying the asphalt was approximately 150 mm of sand and gravel granular fill material. The fill was described as moist at the time of the investigation. SPT N value of 6 observed in the granular fill indicates a loose relative density.

#### 3.2 Topsoil

A layer of topsoil was observed at the surface of all borehole locations except BH111-23. The topsoil layer ranged in thickness from 130 to 200 mm and was approximately 150 mm thick on average. The topsoil was dark brown with some organic inclusions.

#### 3.3 Earth Fill

In all boreholes, a cohesive clayey silt to clayey sandy silt fill was observed underlying the topsoil and extending to depths of 1.3 to 2.3 mbgs. This soil appeared to be reworked native material, was brown to grey in colour, and contained trace gravel and sand as well as trace organics. SPT N values in the cohesive fill range from 8 to 23 which indicates a stiff to very stiff consistency. Moisture contents in the cohesive fill ranged from 11% to 22%.

A laboratory particle size distribution analysis was completed for one sample of the fill material taken from a depth of between 1.5 and 2.1 mbgs. The analysis results are summarized in Table 1 with details provided in Appendix B.



Table 1	Particle Size Distribution Anal	vsis – Farth Fill
		y 313 – Laith i m

Borehole	Depth (mbgs)	Soil	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt	% Clay	% Moisture Content
BH116-23 SS2	0.8 – 1.2	Clayey Silt some Sand trace Gravel	1	16	50	33	16.4

#### 3.4 Clayey Silt

In BH102-23 through BH107-23 and BH116-23, a layer of native cohesive clayey silt was observed underlying the above discussed earth fill. The clayey silt was brown to grey in colour and extended to depths of approximately 4.0 mbgs in BH102-23 through BH107-23, and to termination depth of 2.0 mbgs in BH116-23. The clayey silt contained trace to some sand and gravel. Trace organics were observed in BH102-23, BH104-23, and BH106-23. The clayey silt was generally described as drier than plastic limit at the time of the investigation, with moisture contents ranging from 16% to 26%. SPT N values in the sandy silt ranged from 8 to 23 which indicates a loose to compact relative density, however on average the SPT N values were greater than 10 which indicates a compact relative density.

#### 3.5 Till

The predominant native deposit on site at depth consisted of a till textured non-cohesive silt. The silt till soil contained varying matricies of clay and sand and was described as clayey silt and clayey sandy silt. This soil was observed in boreholes BH101-23 through BH107-23 and extended to termination depths of 5.0 mbgs in each of these boreholes. The clayey silt to clayey sandy silt till was brown in colour and contained trace to some gravel. The till was described as drier than plastic limit at the time of the investigation. SPT N values in the silt till soil ranged from 13 to 45 indicating a stiff to hard consistency. Laboratory derived moisture contents ranged from 12% to 16%.

A laboratory particle size distribution analysis was completed for two samples of the till taken from a depth of between 2.3 and 5.0 mbgs. The analysis results are summarized in Table 2 with details provided in Appendix B.



Table 2	Particle Size	Distribution	Analysis -	. Till
		Distribution	Analysis -	

Borehole	Depth (mbgs)	Soil	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt	% Clay	% Moisture Content
BH101-23 SS4	2.3 – 2.7	Clayey Silt some Sand some Gravel	10	19	43	28	13.4
BH106-23 SS6	4.6 - 5.0	Clayey Sandy Silt trace gravel	9	20	48	23	12.2

#### 3.6 Groundwater

Upon completion of drilling, all boreholes were observed to be open and dry. Native soils observed were typically brown in colour and described as moist at the time of the investigation. No wet or saturated soils were observed during the drilling investigation. It should be noted that groundwater levels at the site may fluctuate seasonally and in response to climatic events.



### 4.0 Geotechnical Design Considerations

The following recommendations are based on the borehole information and are intended to assist the client. Recommendations should not be construed as providing instructions to contractors, who should form their own opinions about site conditions. It is possible that subsurface conditions beyond the borehole locations may vary from those observed. If significant variations are found before or during construction, Cambium should be contacted so that we can reassess our findings, if necessary.

#### 4.1 General Site Preparation

All topsoil, organics, loose earth fill and deleterious material should be removed from below the development areas prior to construction. For site grading, in areas of cut or minor fill where the proof roll and/ or inspection has identified unsuitable subgrade conditions, whether too soft or too wet, material is to be removed and replaced with an approved OPSS 1010 Granular 'B' Type I compacted material, under guidance of Geotechnical Engineer.

#### 4.2 Excavations

Temporary excavations must be carried out in accordance with the latest edition of the Occupational Health and Safety Act (OHSA). The soils at this site would generally be classified as Type 3 soils in accordance with OHSA, with unsupported side slopes no steeper than 1H:1V to the bottom of the excavation. Excavation side slopes should be protected from exposure to precipitation and associated ground surface runoff and should be inspected regularly for signs of instability. If localized instability is noted during excavations or if wet conditions are encountered, the side slopes should be flattened as required to maintain safe working conditions or excavation sidewalls must be fully supported (shored).

#### 4.3 Dewatering

As discussed in Section 3.6, groundwater was not observed in any boreholes upon completion of drilling. Based on these observations, it is anticipated that any groundwater will be below typical excavation depths, and any perched water or surface runoff that may be encountered should be controllable with filtered sumps and pumps.



#### 4.4 Frost Penetration

Based on the Ontario Provincial Standard Drawing (OPSD) 3090.101, the typical frost penetration depth is expected to be approximately 1.2 mbgs. Footings for any proposed structure or underground services should be situated at or below this depth for frost penetration or should be insulated.

#### 4.5 Foundation Design

From a geotechnical perspective, conventional shallow footings placed on competent native soils may be used to transfer loads from the proposed structures to the soils below. The native sub-soils are competent to support lightly loaded structures on conventional spread footings. These native sandy silt and clayey silt to clayey sandy silt till soils are considered competent to directly support loads from shallow footings. Based on the borehole investigation, the depth to competent native soils across the site is approximately 2.1 mbgs. It should be noted that this depth may vary between borehole locations.

Should incompetent (loose, soft and/or deleterious) soils or undocumented earth fill be encountered at the proposed footing depths following excavation, these soils are to be subexcavated down to competent soils under the guidance of a qualified geotechnical engineer and replaced with competent engineered fill as detailed in Section 4.6.1. The recommendations and bearing capacities provided in this report assume that any incompetent materials and undocumented earth fill encountered at underside of footing depths will be subexcavated and replaced in this manner.

Provided that footings are constructed according to the recommendations provided above, bearing directly on competent native soils with any localized incompetent soils removed and replaced with competent engineered fill material, footings situated at or below depths of 2.1 mbgs may be designed for geotechnical resistance at Ultimate Limit States (ULS) of 225 kPa and a geotechnical resistance at Serviceability Limit States (SLS) of 150 kPa (assuming 25 mm total and 19 mm differential of settlement). If a higher allowable bearing capacity than that outlined above is required, it may be achievable at a greater depth, this should be assessed on a specific basis once the loading conditions and location(s) are known.



The quality of the subgrade should be inspected by Cambium during construction, prior to constructing the footings, to confirm bearing capacity estimates.

#### 4.5.1 Foundations on Engineered Fill

Alternatively, in areas where the proposed founding levels are above the level of competent native soil, or where sub excavation is required, footings may be made to bear directly on a pad of engineered fill constructed per the recommendations in Section 4.6.1. From a preliminary perspective, footings placed on approved engineered fill and appropriately protected from frost may be designed for a preliminary allowable bearing capacity of 100 kPa at SLS and 150 kPa at ULS. Cambium should be retained to review the final grading plan, as the preliminary engineered fill bearing capacity values will change depending on grade raises, engineered fill thickness, material and the native subgrade soil the engineered fill pad is constructed on.

Settlement potential at the above-noted SLS loadings is less than 25 mm and differential settlement should be less than 20 mm.

#### 4.6 Backfill and Compaction

Engineered fill, if required for foundations, should consist of free-draining granular material meeting the specifications of OPSS 1010 Granular B or an approved equivalent and should be placed in maximum 200 mm thick lifts compacted to 100% of SPMDD, as confirmed by nuclear densometer testing.

Imported material for engineered fill should consist of clean, no-organic, soils, free of chemical contamination or deleterious material. The moisture content of the engineered fill will need to be close enough to optimum at the time of placement to allow for adequate compaction.

Foundation wall and any buried utility backfill material should consist of free draining imported granular material. Excavated materials with a high silt and/or clay content may not be suitable for re-use as backfill for foundation walls and for grading purposes. Geotechnical testing of the material will be required to confirm suitability and compaction parameters (i.e., Proctor testing to confirm optimum moisture content). The fines (silt and clay) content of materials utilized as



backfill for foundation walls/grading should not exceed 35%, which will need to be confirmed by sampling from stockpiled material and conducting confirmatory grain size analyses.

Typically, backfill should be placed in maximum 300 mm thick lifts and should be compacted to a minimum of 98% of SPMDD. Backfill adjacent to the structural elements (i.e., foundation walls) should be compacted to 95% of SPMDD taking care not to damage the adjacent structures. The backfill material in the upper 300 mm below the pavement subgrade elevation should be compacted to 100% of SPMDD in all areas.

All existing vegetation, topsoil, organic and non-organic fills, and any loose soils shall be removed down to a competent base. Backfill areas must be approved by a qualified geotechnical engineer prior to placement of any new fill, to ensure the suitability of subgrade conditions.

#### 4.6.1 Engineered Fill

Where the existing fill is treated as an engineered fill to support structural elements such as foundations and/or floor slabs the following is recommended for the construction of engineered fill:

- I. Remove any and all existing vegetation, surficial topsoil / organics, organic fills or fills and any loose/disturbed soils to a competent subgrade for a suitable envelope.
- II. The area of the engineered fill should extend horizontally 1 m beyond the outside edge of the foundations then extend downward at an imaginary 1H:1V slope to the competent approved native soil. The exposed edges of the engineered fill should be sloped at a maximum of 3H:1V to avoid weakening of the engineered fill edges due to slope movement. If fill is required adjacent to sloped banks (i.e., slope steeper than 3H:1V), the fill shall be placed in stepped planes to avoid a plane weakness.
- III. The subgrade or base of the engineered fill area must be approved by Cambium prior to placement of any new fill, to ensure that suitability of subgrade condition.
- IV. Place approved OPSS 1010.MUNI SSM or Granular 'B' Type I material at a moisture content at or near optimum moisture in suitable maximum 200 mm thick lifts, compacted to 98% of SPMDD. If native soils from the site are not used as engineered fill, imported



material for engineered fill should consist of clean, non-organic soils, free of chemical contamination or deleterious material. Any frost penetration into the fill material must be removed prior to placement of subsequent lifts of fill and reviewed by Cambium.

- V. The engineered fill should be placed at least 600 mm above the elevation of the proposed underside of footing.
- VI. Due to the potential negative effects of differential settlement between the engineered fill and the native soils, in any block where footings are to be placed partly on engineered fill and partly on native soils, reinforcing steel bars should be included and placed within the footings and the top of the foundation walls. All tie reinforcing steel bars should be included and placed within the top of the foundation walls. All tie reinforcing steel bars should have at least 600 mm of overlap. The actual steel reinforcement design should be confirmed / designed by the project structural engineer.
- VII. Full time testing and inspection of the engineered fill will be required for it to be used as a founding material, as outlined in Section 4.2.2.2 of the Ontario Building Code.
- VIII. The final surface of the engineered fill should be protected as necessary from construction traffic, ponded water and freezing, and should be sloped to provide positive drainage for surface water during and following the construction period. During periods of freezing weather, additional soil cover should be placed above final subgrade to provide frost protection.

#### 4.7 Pavement Design

It is understood that the construction may include installation of a fire route as well as reinstatement of areas of the parking lot that may be affected during construction. The recommended pavement structure design has been developed for two traffic loading scenarios, Medium-Duty, and Heavy-Duty. The heavy-duty design is appropriate for areas if heavy trucks and maintenance vehicles are anticipated to drive, while the medium duty design is appropriate for areas where no heavy traffic is anticipated. The recommended pavement structure is provided in Table 3.



#### Table 3Pavement Structure

Pavement Layer	Compaction Requirements	Heavy Duty	Medium Duty
Surface Course Asphalt	OPSS 310	40 mm HL3	40 mm HL3
Binder Course Asphalt	OPSS 310	90 mm HL8 (2 lifts)	50 mm HL8
Granular Base	100% SPMDD	150 mm OPSS 1010 Granular A	150 mm OPSS 1010 Granular A
Granular Subbase	100% SPMDD	350 mm OPSS 1010 Granular B	300 mm OPSS 1010 Granular B

Material and thickness substitutions must be approved by the Design Engineer. Compaction of the subgrade should be verified by the Engineer prior to placing the granular base. Granular layers should be placed in 150 mm maximum loose lifts and compacted to specified density. The granular materials should conform to OPSS standards, as confirmed by appropriate materials testing.

A step joint should be formed between the patch and the adjacent existing pavement to a depth of the top lift (40 mm surface course). The exposed surface should be cleaned and tacked in accordance with OPSS 308, Construction Specification for Tack Coating and Joint Painting.

The long-term performance of the pavement structure is highly dependent upon the subgrade support and drainage conditions. Stringent construction control procedures should be maintained to ensure that uniform subgrade moisture and density conditions are achieved. The finished pavement surface and underlying subgrade should be free of depressions and should be sloped (preferably at a minimum grade of 2% for asphalt surface and 3% at subgrade surface) to provide effective surface drainage toward subdrains and/or catch basins. Surface water should not be allowed to pond adjacent to the outside edges of pavement areas.

#### 4.8 Concrete Sidewalks

The performance of the concrete pavement is dependent upon proper subgrade preparation. All topsoil and organic materials should be removed down to native material and backfilled with approved engineered fill or native material, compacted to 95% SPMDD. The subgrade should be proof rolled and inspected by a Geotechnical Engineer. Any areas where rutting or



appreciable deflection is noted should be subexcavated and replaced with suitable fill. The fill should be compacted to at least 95% SPMDD.

The recommended concrete pavement for light duty loading condition is provided in Table 4 in accordance with City of Brampton Standard Drawing 227.

Pavement Layer	Requirement	Material /Thickness
Concrete Surface	30 MPa at 28 days	150 mm Hydraulic Cement Concrete (HCC)
Granular Subbase	98% SPMDD	150 mm OPSS 1010 Granular A

Table 4 Concrete Pavement – Light Duty

#### 4.9 Site Servicing

Trench excavations above the groundwater table should generally consider Type 3 soil conditions, which require side slopes no steeper than 1H:1V.

Bedding and cover material for any services should consist of OPSS 1010 Granular A or B Type II, placed in accordance with the Region of Peel standards. The bedding and cover material shall be placed in maximum 200 mm thick lifts and should be compacted to at least 100% of SPMDD. The cover material shall be a minimum of 300 mm over the top of the pipe and compacted to 100 % of SPMDD.

#### 4.10 Design Review and Inspections

Cambium should be provided the opportunity to review the design drawings, prior to next stage tendering and construction, to ensure that all pertinent geotechnical-related factors have been addressed.

Cambium should also be retained to complete testing and inspections during construction operations to examine and approve subgrade conditions, placement, and compaction of fill materials.



### 5.0 Closing

Please note that this work program and report are governed by the attached Qualifications and Limitations. If you have questions or comments regarding this document, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

#### Cambium Inc.

DocuSigned by: Signed by: 50177C868A8847D. Kelly Lewis, P. Eng **Project Coordinator** PROFESS/014 LICENCE Z.LUO DocuSigned by: 100230770 BOLINCE OF ONTARIO 34555F00ED064E9... Zhaochang Luo, M. Eng, P. Eng 2024-11-12 Senior Project Manager KL/zl

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#### 6.0 Standard Limitations

#### Limited Warranty

In performing work on behalf of a client, Cambium relies on its client to provide instructions on the scope of its retainer, and, on that basis, Cambium determines the precise nature of the work to be performed. Cambium undertakes all work in accordance with applicable accepted industry practices and standards. Unless required under local laws, other than as expressly stated herein, no other warranties or conditions, either expressed or implied, are made regarding the services, work or reports provided.

#### Reliance on Materials and Information

The findings and results presented in reports prepared by Cambium are based on the materials and information provided by the client to Cambium and on the facts, conditions and circumstances encountered by Cambium during the performance of the work requested by the client. In formulating its findings and results into a report, Cambium assumes that the information and materials provided by the client or obtained by Cambium from the client or otherwise are factual, accurate and represent a true depiction of the circumstances that exist. Cambium relies on its client to inform Cambium if there are changes to any such information and materials. Cambium does not review, analyze, or attempt to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information or materials provided, or circumstances encountered, other than in accordance with applicable accepted industry practice. Cambium will not be responsible for matters arising from incomplete, incorrect, or misleading information or from facts or circumstances that are not fully disclosed to or that are concealed from Cambium during the provision of services, work, or reports.

Facts, conditions, information, and circumstances may vary with time and locations and Cambium's work is based on a review of such matters as they existed at the particular time and location indicated in its reports. No assurance is made by Cambium that the facts, conditions, information, circumstances, or any underlying assumptions made by Cambium in connection with the work performed will not change after the work is completed and a report is submitted. If any such changes occur or additional information is obtained, Cambium should be advised and requested to consider if the changes or additional information affect its findings or results.

When preparing reports, Cambium considers applicable legislation, regulations, governmental guidelines, and policies to the extent they are within its knowledge, but Cambium is not qualified to advise with respect to legal matters. The presentation of information regarding applicable legislation, regulations, governmental guidelines, and policies is for information only and is not intended to and should not be interpreted as constituting a legal opinion concerning the work completed or conditions outlined in a report. All legal matters should be reviewed and considered by an appropriately qualified legal practitioner.

#### Site Assessments

A site assessment is created using data and information collected during the investigation of a site and based on conditions encountered at the time and particular locations at which fieldwork is conducted. The information, sample results and data collected represent the conditions only at the specific times at which and at those specific locations from which the information, samples and data were obtained and the information, sample results and data may vary at other locations and times. To the extent that Cambium's work or report considers any locations or times other than those from which information, sample results and data was specifically received, the work or report is based on a reasonable extrapolation from such information, sample results and data but the actual conditions encountered may vary from those extrapolations.

Only conditions at the site and locations chosen for study by the client are evaluated; no adjacent or other properties are evaluated unless specifically requested by the client. Any physical or other aspects of the site chosen for study by the client, or any other matter not specifically addressed in a report prepared by Cambium, are beyond the scope of the work performed by Cambium and such matters have not been investigated or addressed.

#### <u>Reliance</u>

Cambium's services, work and reports may be relied on by the client and its corporate directors and officers, employees, and professional advisors. Cambium is not responsible for the use of its work or reports by any other party, or for the reliance on, or for any decision which is made by any party using the services or work performed by or a report prepared by Cambium without Cambium's express written consent. Any party that relies on services or work performed by Cambium or a report prepared by Cambium without Cambium's express written consent, does so at its own risk. No report of Cambium may be disclosed or referred to in any public document without Cambium's express prior written consent. Cambium specifically disclaims any liability or responsibility to any such party for any loss, damage, expense, fine, penalty or other such thing which may arise or result from the use of any information, recommendation or other matter arising from the services, work or reports provided by Cambium.

#### Limitation of Liability

Potential liability to the client arising out of the report is limited to the amount of Cambium's professional liability insurance coverage. Cambium shall only be liable for direct damages to the extent caused by Cambium's negligence and/or breach of contract. Cambium shall not be liable for consequential damages.

#### Personal Liability

The client expressly agrees that Cambium employees shall have no personal liability to the client with respect to a claim, whether in contract, tort and/or other cause of action in law. Furthermore, the client agrees that it will bring no proceedings nor take any action in any court of law against Cambium employees in their personal capacity.



## **Appended Figures**







Appendix A Borehole Logs



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH101-23 Page: 1 of 1 Date CompletedNovember 14, 2023

Elevation: 244.3 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

**E:** 594474 4000040

UTM:	171	N:	4839012	E: 5944

	SUBSURFACE PROFILE						SAMP	LE				
Elevation	(m) Depth	Lithology	Description	Elevation Depth	Number	Type	% Recovery	SPT (N)	Atterberg LO Limits (%) PC 25 50 75 % Moisture 25 50 75	Shear Strength Cu, kPa 20 40 60 80 SPT (N) 20 40 60 80	Well Installation	Log Notes
244.3	<del></del> 0											
243.8	- 0.5		TOPSOIL: ~130 mm thick FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel, trace sand; brown (FILL); cohesive, W <pl, stiff="" stiff<br="" to="" very="">Becomes grey, trace organics</pl,>	244.17 0.13	1	ss	75	23	11.7%	•23		
243.3	1				2	SS	100	11	19.1%	• 11		
242.8	1.5			242.47	3	ss	100	12	20.4%	• 12		
242.3	2 		(ML) CLAYEY SIL1: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, some gravel; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, W <pl, stiff<="" td="" very=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></pl,>						-			
241.8	2.5		to nard		4	SS	100	21	<b>1</b> 3.4%	•21		
241.3	3								13.4%	17		
240.8	- 3.5				5	55	100	17				
240.3	4											
239.8	4.5								- 11.6%	45		Borehole open and dry upon completion
239.3	-5		Borehole terminated @ 5 mbg	239.27 5.03	6	SS	100	45		•		or anning.
238.8	- 5.5		due to target depth achieved.									
238.3	÷ 6											
237.8	6.5											
237.3	+7											
236.8	<u>†</u>									GRAINSIZE S	AMPLE GRAVEL SAN	D SILT CLAY
1.	a = 24 upite										554 10 19	43 28
Log	ged By:	EC	Input By: E	с						Peterborough	, Barrie, Oshawa	a, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH102-23 1 of 1 Page: 4, 2023

Elevation: 244.3 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON UTM: 17T N: 4839093 E: 594540

D	ate CompletedNovember 1

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Shear Strength Cu, kPa Atterberg Limits (%) nat V. 🔶 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology ŝ Number (m) Depth SPT (N) Well % Moisture Type SPT ( Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.3--0 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 244.15 0.15 12.1% 12 FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, • SS 100 12 1 some sand, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, 243.8 0.5 W<PL, stiff to very stiff Trace organics 15 243.3-2 SS 100 15 Ö • 1 242.8 Becomes grey 1.5 **1**9.5% **2**0 3 SS 100 20 242.3--2 242.17 2.13 (ML) CLAYEY SILT: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; grey; cohesive, 24.6% 14 241.8 2.5 4 SS 100 14 Ő • W<PL, stiff 241.3-.3 Trace organics **0**<sup>21.7%</sup> 14 5 SS 100 14 240.8 3.5 240.3-240.26 •4 (ML) sandy SILT: (ML) Clayey Sandy SILT, trace clay, trace gravel; brown (TILL); 4.04 non-cohesive, moist, compact 2398 4.5 Borehole open and dry upon completion 24 of drilling. 11.8% SS 100 6 24 239.27 239.3--5 5.03 Borehole terminated @ 5 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 238.8 5.5 238.3--6 237.8 6.5 237.3--7

GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY

1m = 24 units Logged By: EC

236.8

Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

Pkwy, Brampton ON

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH103-23 Page: 1 of 1

Elevation: 243.9 mASL

UTM: 17T N: 4839097

Date Completed:November 14, 2-23

Location: 1050 Sandalwood

**E:** 594575


	SUB	SURFACE PROFILE	SAMPLE							
Elevation m) Depth	-ithology	Description Elevatio	Number	Type	% Recovery	SPT (N)	Atterberg LO Limits (%) PO 25 50 75 % Moisture	Shear Strength Cu, kPa 20 40 60 80 SPT (N)	Well Installation	Log Notes
		Depti	-   -	'	0.		25 50 75	20 40 60 80		
243.9 - 0 + 243.4 - 0.5		TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick         243.70           FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel, trace clay, brown (reworked native); cohesive, W <pl, stiff="" td="" to="" very<="">         0.11</pl,>	5	SS	75	12	12.1%	• 12		
242.9 1		SUIT	2	SS	100	16	14.5%	<b>9</b> <sup>16</sup>		
242.4 + 1.5		Becomes grey, trace organics	3	SS	100	16	-	• 16		
241.9-2		241.7	,							
241.4 + 2.5		(ML) CLAYEY SILT: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; grey; cohesive, W <pl, stiff="" stiff<="" td="" to="" very=""><td>4</td><td>SS</td><td>100</td><td>13</td><td>22.4%</td><td>• 13</td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	4	SS	100	13	22.4%	• 13		
240.9-3										
			5	SS	100	16	20.4%	<b>1</b> 6		
240.4 - 3.5										
239.9-4		239.81 (ML) sandy SILT: (ML) Clayey 4.0	5 4							
239.4 + 4.5		Sandy SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense			100		12.2%	35		Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling.
238.9-5		238.8	, 6	SS	100	35		•		
		Borehole terminated @ 5 mbgs	3							
238.4 + 5.5 +		die to target depin demoted.								
237.9-6										
237.4 + 6.5										
230.4								GRAINSIZE <u>S</u> DISTRIBUTION	AMPLE   GRAVEL   SAN	D SILT CLAY
1m = 24 units										
Logged By:	EC	Input By: EC	_	_	_	_		Peterborough	, Barrie, Oshawa	a, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

SUBSURFACE PROFILE

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH104-23 Page: 1 of 1 Date CompletedNovember 15, 2023

Elevation: 243.8 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON υ

SAMPLE

JTM:	17T	N:	4839086	<b>E:</b> 594611

ation	logy			ber		scovery	(N)	Atterberg LO Limits (%) PO 25 50 75	Shear Strength Cu, kPa 20 40 60 80	\M/o#	
Eleva (m)	Litho	Description	Elevation Depth	Numl	Type	% Re	SPT	% Moisture 25 50 75	20 40 60 80	Installation	Log Notes
243.80			0.00.07		1						
 243.3 - 0.	.5	TOPSOIL: -130 mm thick FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, W <pl, stiff="" stiff<="" td="" to="" very=""><td>0.13</td><td>1</td><td>SS</td><td>100</td><td>14</td><td>13.2%</td><td>• 14</td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	0.13	1	SS	100	14	13.2%	• 14		
242.8 - 1				2	SS	100	20	14%	•20		
242.3 - 1.	.5	(ML) CLAYEY SILT: (ML)	1.37					-			
241.82		trace gravel; grey, trace organics; cohesive, W <pl, very<br="">stiff to stiff</pl,>		3	ss	100	18	17.8%	•18		
+ 241.3 + 2.	.5			4	SS	100	14	20.1%	• 14		
240.8-3											
				5	SS	100	12	26.9%	• <sup>12</sup>		
240.3 — 3.	.5							-			
239.8-4			239.76								
 239.3 — 4.	.5	(ML) sandy SILT: (ML) Clayey Sandy SILT, trace gravel, some clay; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact	4.04								Borehole open and
				6	SS	100	13	15.8%	• <sup>13</sup>		dry upon completion of drilling.
238.8-5		Borehole terminated @ 5 mbg	238.77 gs <sup>5.03</sup>								
238.3 + 5.	.5	due to target depth achieved.									
237.8-6											
237.3 - 6.	.5										
236.8 - 7											
236.3										AMPLEIGRAVELI SANI	D SILT CLAY
1m = 24 units	s										
Logged B	By: EC	Input By: E	C						Peterborough	, Barrie, Oshawa	, Kingston, Ottawa



244.1-

Client: Contractor: DrillTech Drilling

Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

BH105-23 Log of Borehole: Dat

Elevation: 244.1 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON UTM: 17T N: 4

839051	E: 594614	

nat V. 🔸 rem V. 🔁

Well

Installation

20 40 60 80

SPT (N)

20 40 60 80

Page:	1	of	1
te CompletedNovember	15	202	23

Log Notes

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) Recovery 25 50 75 Elevation (m) Depth Lithology SPT (N) Number % Moisture Type Elevation Description % Depth 25 50 75 -0 243.95 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 0.15 FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, 100 SS

243.6 -	- 0.5		(reworked native); cohesive, W <pl, stiff<br="">Trace organics</pl,>					-			
243.1	- —1			2	SS	100	14	17.4%	•		
- 242.6 -	- - 1.5										
-	-			3	SS	100	13	<b>16.5%</b>	• <sup>13</sup>		
242.1	-2		241.9 (MI.) CLAYEY SILT: (MI.) 2.1	17 3						]	
241.6 -	- 2.5		CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; grey; cohesive, W <pl, stiff="" stiff<="" td="" to="" very=""><td>4</td><td>SS</td><td>100</td><td>14</td><td><b>2</b>2.2%</td><td>•<sup>14</sup></td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	4	SS	100	14	<b>2</b> 2.2%	• <sup>14</sup>		
241.1	_ _3										
	-			5	ss	100	16	<b>2</b> 0.6%	• <sup>16</sup>		
240.6 -	- 3.5 -							-			
240.1	-4		240.0	16							
	-		(ML) sandy SILT: (ML) Clayey Sandy SILT, trace gravel, trace	4							
239.6 -	- 4.5		clay; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact					-			Borehole open and
-	_			6	ss	100	24	<b>1</b> 4.1%	•24		dry upon completion of drilling.
239.1-	-5	┞╹╹	Borehole terminated @ 5 mbgs	13							
238.6	- 55		due to target depth achieved.								
200.0	-										
238.1-	-6										
	-										
237.6 -	- 6.5										
	-										
237.1-	-7									1	
236 6											
									GRAINSIZE S DISTRIBUTION	SAMPLE   GRAVEL   SAND	SILT CLAY
1m = :	24 units								Datast	Domin O I	Kinester Off
Logge	d By:	EC	Input By: EC						Peterborough	n, вarrie, Osnawa	, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH106-23 1 of 1 Page:

Elevation: 244.3 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

UTM:	17T	N:	4838991	E:	594563
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C	ate CompletedNovember 15, 2023

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology ŝ Number (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type % Moisture SPT ( Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.3--0 TOPSOIL: ~165 mm thick 244.13 0.17 9.69 12 FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, • SS 100 12 1 some sand, trace gravel, trace clay; brown (reworked native); 243.8 0.5 cohesive, W<PL, stiff to very stiff **1**4.2 243.3-2 SS 100 16 • 1 242.8 Trace organics 1.5 13 3 SS 100 13 • 242.3--2 242.17 2.13 (ML) CLAYEY SILT: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; grey, trace organics; cohesive, W<PL, sittf 23.5% 14 241.8 2.5 4 SS 100 14 Ô • 241.3-.3 **0**23.3% 5 SS 100 9 • 240.8 3.5 240.3-240.26 •4 4.04 (ML) sandy SILT: (ML) Clayey Sandy SILT, trace gravel; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense 2398 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 4.5 38 12.2% SS 100 6 38 ø 239.27 239.3--5 5.03 Borehole terminated @ 5 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 238.8 5.5 238.3--6 237.8 6.5 237.3--7 236.8 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND DISTRIBUTION SS6 9 20 SILT 48 1m = 24 units Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Logged By: EC Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH107-23 Date

Elevation: 244 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

**UTM:** 17T N

J	TM:	171	N:	4838944	E: 5945

1:	4838944	E: 594517	

Page:	1	of	1
e CompletedNovember	14,	202	23

		SUB	SURFACE PROFILE					SAMP	LE			
									Atterberg Limits (%)	Shear Strength Cu, kPa		
							/ery		25 50 75	rem V. ⊕ 20 40 60 80		
Elevatior	Depth	Lithology	Description Eleve	ation Depth	Number	Type	% Recov	SPT (N)	% Moisture 25 50 75	SPT (N) 20 40 60 80	Well Installation	Log Notes
244	_0											
	Ū	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	TOPSOIL: ~200 mm thick	243.8					10.3%	23		
243.5 -	- 0.5		FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, W <pl, stiff<br="" very="">Trace organics</pl,>		1		80	23				
243-	-1				2	SS	100	15	<b>e</b> <sup>20%</sup>	• 15		
242.5 -	- 1.5		Becomes grey		2		100	16	22.2%	16		
242-	-2		2	41.87	<u> </u>							
- 241.5 -	- 2.5		(ML) CLAYEY SILT: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; mottled brown-grey; cohesive, W <pl, very stiff</pl, 	2.13	4	SS	100	14	- - -	• 14		
241_	-3											
-					5	SS	100	23	16.4%	• <sup>23</sup>		
240.5 -	- 3.5								-			
-			22	20.06								
240-	-4		(ML) sandy SILT: (ML) Clayey Sandy SILT, trace gravel; brown	4.04	Ì							
239.5 -	- 4.5		(TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense						-			Borehole open and
- 239-	- 5		23	38.97	6	SS	100	35	<b>•</b> <sup>12%</sup>	• <sup>35</sup>		of drilling.
-	Ĩ		Borehole terminated @ 5 mbgs due to target depth achieved.	5.03								
238.5 -	- 5.5											
238-	-6											
-												
237.5 -	6.5											
237-	-7											
-												
236.5 -	L							I		GRAINSIZE <u>S/</u> DISTRIBUTION	AMPLEIGRAVELI SAN	D SILT CLAY
1m =	24 units											
Logge	ed By:	EC	Input By: EC							Peterborough	, Barrie, Oshawa	i, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

BH108-23 Log of Borehole: D

Elevation: 243.9 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON UTN

I:	17T	N:	4838949	<b>E:</b> 594537
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Page:	1	of	1	
Date CompletedNovember	15	, 20	23	

Log Notes

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Lithology Elevation Number ŝ SPT (N) (m) Depth Well Type SPT ( % Moisture Elevation Description Installation % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 243.9--0 TOPSOIL: ~130 mm thick 243.77 0.13 12 FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, W<PL, stiff to SS 12 • 100 1 243.4 0.5 very stiff Becomes grey, some organics 242.9-2 SS 100 16 • - 1 1.5 18 3 SS 100 18 ø 241.92 -2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 2.5 -3 3.5

Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 242.4 241.9-241.4 240.9-240.4 239.9--4 239.4 4.5 238.9--5 238.4 5.5 237.9--6 237.4 6.5 236.9--7 236.4 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Logged By: EC Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH109-23 Page: 1 of 1 2023

Elevation: 244.9 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood ON U **E:** 594561

JTM: 17T N: 4838973	E
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Date	CompletedNovember	14

C

		SUB	SURFACE PROFILE				SAMP	LE			
								Atterberg Limits (%)	Shear Strength Cu, kPa		
						ery		₽ 25 50 75	rem V. € 20 40 60 80		
Elevation	Depth	Lithology	Description Elevation Depth	Number	Type	% Recov	SPT (N)	% Moisture 25 50 75	SPT (N) 20 40 60 80	Well Installation	Log Notes
244.0	0	•				•	•		• • • • • • • • • •		
244.9-	Γ		TOPSOIL:         ~150 mm thick         244.77           0.13         0.13         0.13         0.13					14.2%	9		
244.4 -	- 0.5		FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SIL1, some sand, trace gravel, brown (reworked native); cohesive, W <pl, firm="" stiff<="" td="" to=""><td>1</td><td>SS</td><td>100</td><td>9</td><td>-</td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	1	SS	100	9	-	•		
-	-			2	66	100	12	14.7%	12		
243.9-	['					100					
243.4 -	- 1.5		Becomes grey, trace organics								Borehole open and
-	_			3	SS	100	14	23.1%	•14		dry upon completion of drilling.
242.9-	-2		242.92								
-			due to target depth achieved.								
242.4 -	- 2.5										
-											
241.9-	-3										
-											
241.4 -	- 3.5										
-	-										
240.9-	-4				İ						
240.4 -	45										
	4.5										
239.9-	-5										
-	-										
239.4 -	- 5.5										
-											
238.9-	-6										
-											
238.4 -	- 6.5										
-											
237.9-	-7										
237 4											
201.4 -									GRAINSIZE S	AMPLEIGRAVELI SAN	D SILT CLAY
1m =	24 units										
Logge	Logged By: EC Input By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa										



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

**E:** 594578

 Log of Borehole:
 BH110-23

 Page:
 1 of 1

 Date CompletedNovember 15, 2023

Elevation: 244.2 mASL d UTM: 17T N: 4838978

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) Shear Strength Cu, kPa nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology Number ŝ (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type SPT ( % Moisture Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.2--0 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 244.05 0.15 13.6% FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, SS • 100 10 1 some sand, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, 243.7 0.5 W<PL. stiff Trace organics, becomes grey 20.7% 243.2-2 SS 100 10 • 1 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 242.7 1.5 20.8% 14 3 SS 100 14 242.22 242.2--2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 241.7 2.5 241.2--3 240.7 3.5 240.2--4 239.7 4.5 239.2--5 238.7 5.5 238.2--6 237.7 6.5 237.2--7 236.7 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Logged By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH111-23 Page: 1 of 1 Da 23

Elevation: 243 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

UTM: 17T N: 4838977 **E:** 594594

	0		
ate	CompletedNovember	14,	202

		SUB	SURFACE PROFILE				SAMP	LE			
								Atterberg Limits (%)	Shear Strength Cu, kPa		
						ery		25 50 75	rem V. € 20 40 60 80		
Elevation	(III) Depth	Lithology	Description Elevation Depth	Number	Type	% Recov	SPT (N)	% Moisture 25 50 75	SPT (N) 20 40 60 80	Well Installation	Log Notes
242	_0										
243-			ASPHALT: ~115 mm thick 242.89								
242.5 -	- 0.5		FILL: (SP/SAND and GRAVEL; brown (Granular FILL); non-cohesive, moist, loose 242.73	1	SS	50	6	19.7% •	• <sup>6</sup>		
242-	- 1		FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, W <pl, stiff<="" td=""><td>2</td><td>SS</td><td>100</td><td>10</td><td>15.2%</td><td>10</td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	2	SS	100	10	15.2%	10		
-	-										Parabola apan and
- 241.5	- 1.5		241.02	3	SS	100	10	<b>1</b> 2.6%	• <sup>10</sup>		dry upon completion of drilling.
241-	-2	<u>(1:177.577</u> )	Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs								
240 5 -	25		due to target depth achieved.								
	2.5										
240-	-3										
-	-										
239.5 -	3.5										
239-	-4										
-	-										
238.5 -	4.5										
238-	5										
	Ŭ										
237.5 -	- 5.5										
-	L										
237-	-6										
236.5 -	6.5										
236-	-7										
-	ŀ										
235.5 -									GRAINSIZE S	AMPLEIGRAVELI SAN	D SILT CLAY
1	24 unite								DISTRIBUTION		
Logge	ed By:	EC	Input By: EC						Peterborough	, Barrie, Oshawa	, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

E: 594592

 Log of Borehole:
 BH112-23

 Page:
 1 of 1

 Date CompletedNovember 15, 2023

Elevation: 244.2 mASL ood UTM: 17T N: 4839007

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) Shear Strength Cu, kPa nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology ŝ Number (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type % Moisture SPT ( Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.2--0 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 244.05 0.15 FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown to grey (reworked native); SS 80 9 • 1 243.7 0.5 cohesive, W<PL, stiff to very ੴme organics **1**7.4% 243.2-2 SS 100 16 • 1 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 242.7 1.5 20.1% 15 3 SS 100 15 • 242.22 242.2--2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 241.7 2.5 241.2--3 240.7 3.5 240.2--4 239.7 4.5 239.2--5 238.7 5.5 238.2--6 237.7 6.5 237.2--7 236.7 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Logged By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

**E:** 594608

 Log of Borehole:
 BH113-23

 Page:
 1 of 1

 Date CompletedNovember 15, 2023

Elevation: 244.2 mASL lwood UTM: 17T N: 4839033

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) Shear Strength Cu, kPa nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology ŝ Number (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type SPT ( % Moisture Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.2--0 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 244.05 0.15 6.3% FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown to grey (reworked native); 10 SS • 100 10 1 Õ 243.7 0.5 cohesive, W<PL, stiff to very stifface organics 17.8% 15 243.2-2 SS 100 15 • 1 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 242.7 1.5 19.9% 18 3 SS 100 18 ø 242.22 242.2--2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 241.7 2.5 241.2--3 240.7 3.5 240.2--4 239.7 4.5 239.2--5 238.7 5.5 238.2--6 237.7 6.5 237.2--7 236.7 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Logged By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

SUBSURFACE PROFILE

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH114-23 1 of 1 Page:

Elevation: 244.2 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON UTM: 17T N: 4838977 E: 594487

SAMPLE

Date CompletedNovember 14, 2023

Atterberg Limits (%) Shear Strength Cu, kPa nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology Number ŝ (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type SPT ( % Moisture Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.2--0 244.05 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 0.15 11.6% 18 FILL: (ML) Clayey Sandy SILT, trace gravel; brown (reworked SS 100 18 1 ø native); non-cohesive, moist, 243.7 0.5 compact Trace organics 21.9% 23 243.2-2 SS 100 23 1 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 242.7 Becomes grey 1.5 **4**.2% 19 3 SS 100 19 ė 242.22 242.2--2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 241.7 2.5 241.2--3 240.7 3.5 240.2--4 239.7 4.5 239.2--5 238.7 5.5 238.2--6 237.7 6.5 237.2--7 236.7 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Logged By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

BH115-23 Log of Borehole: 1 of 1 Dogo

Elevation: 244.9 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON **UTM:** 17T

N: 4839020 E: 594535	٧:

Page:	1	01	I
Date CompletedNovember	14,	20	23

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology Number ŝ (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type SPT ( % Moisture Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.9--0 244.75 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 0.15 17.1% FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, SS • 40 8 1 Ő 244.4 0.5 W<PL, stiff to very stiff **1**6.7% 243.9-2 SS 100 16 • - 1 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 243.4 Trace organics 1.5 **1**8% 19 3 SS 100 19 ø 242.92 242.9--2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 242.4 2.5 241.9--3 241.4 3.5 240.9--4 240.4 4.5 239.9--5 239.4 5.5 238.9--6 238.4 6.5 237.9--7 237.4 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Logged By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Input By: EC



Project No.: 19060-001

 Project Name:
 Cassie Campbell Community Centre

 Method:
 Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

**E:** 594574

 Log of Borehole:
 BH116-23

 Page:
 1 of 1

 Date CompletedNovember 15, 2023

Elevation: 244.3 mASL UTM: 17T N: 4839074

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

	SUB	SURFACE PROFILE				SAMP	LE			
Elevation (m) Depth	Lithology	Description Elevation Depth	Number	Type	% Recovery	SPT (N)	Atterberg LO Limits (%) PO 25 50 75 % Moisture 25 50 75	Shear Strength Cu, kPa 20 40 60 80 SPT (N) 20 40 60 80	Well Installation	Log Notes
244.2 0			1	1						
244.3 0		TOPSOIL:         ~175 mm thick         244.12           FILL:         (ML) CLAYEY SILT,         0.18           some sand, trace gravel; brown         (reworked native); cohesive,         W <pl, stiff<="" td="" very=""></pl,>	1	SS	100	15	12.6%	• 15		
243.3 - 1			2	SS	100	22	16.4%	•22		
242.8 — 1.5 —		242.93           (ML) CLAYEY SILT: (ML)         1.37           CLAYEY SILT, some sand;           grey, trace organics; cohesive,         W <pl, stiff<="" td="" very=""></pl,>	3	SS	100	21	18%	• <sup>21</sup>		Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling.
242.3-2		Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved.								
241.8 - 2.5										
241.3-3										
240.8 - 3.5										
240.3-4										
239.8 - 4.5										
239.3-5										
238.8 - 5.5										
238.3 - 6										
237.8 + 6.5										
237.3-7										
236.8								GRAINSIZE S	AMPLE GRAVEL SAN SS2 1 16	D SILT CLAY 50 33
1m = 24 units Logged By:	EC	Input By: EC						Peterborough	ı, Barrie, Oshawa	, Kingston, Ottawa



Client: Contractor: DrillTech Drilling

Project No.: 19060-001

SUBSURFACE PROFILE

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

Log of Borehole: BH117-23 Page: 1 of 1 Date CompletedNovember 14, 2023

Elevation: 244.7 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON

UT	М:	17T	N:	4839023	E:	594502

SAMPLE

levation	u) epth	thology	Description Elevation	umber	/pe	Recovery	PT (N)	Atterberg LO Limits (%) PLO PIO 25 50 75 % Moisture	Shear Strength Cu, kPa 20 40 60 80 SPT (N)	Well	L og Notes
			Depth	z	<del>-</del> .	%	S	25 50 75	20 40 60 80	metallutori	
244.7- - 244.2 -	0.5		TOPSOIL:         ~130 mm thick         244.57           FILL:         (ML) CLAYEY SILT,         0.13           some sand, trace gravel; brown         (reworked native); cohesive,         0.13	1	SS	100	13	12.9%	•		
- 243.7-	-		W <pl, stiff="" stiff<="" td="" to="" very=""><td>2</td><td>SS</td><td>100</td><td>14</td><td>14.1%</td><td>• 14</td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	2	SS	100	14	14.1%	• 14		
- 243.2 -	- 1.5		Becomes grey								Borehole open and
- 242.7	-2		242.72	3	ss	100	22	18.6%	•22		ary upon completion of drilling.
- 242.2 -	- 2.5		Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved.								
- 241.7–	-3										
- 241.2 -	- 3.5										
- 240.7-	-4										
- 240.2 -	4.5										
- 239.7—	-5										
- 239.2 -	5.5										
- 238.7—	-6										
- 238.2 -	6.5										
237.7–	-7										
237.2 -											

GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY

1m = 24 units Logged By: EC

Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa



Project No.: 19060-001

Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Method: Track Mounted Solid Stem Auger

BH118-23 Log of Borehole: 1 of 1 Page:

Elevation: 244.8 mASL

Location: 1050 Sandalwood Pkwy, Brampton ON UTM: 17T N: 4839060 E: 594536

Date CompletedNovember 14, 2023

SUBSURFACE PROFILE SAMPLE Atterberg Limits (%) Shear Strength Cu, kPa nat V. 🔶 rem V. 🖨 Recovery 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 Elevation Lithology Number ŝ (m) Depth SPT (N) Well Type SPT ( % Moisture Elevation Description Installation Log Notes % Depth 25 50 75 20 40 60 80 244.8--0 TOPSOIL: ~150 mm thick 244.65 0.15 11.7% 12 FILL: (ML) CLAYEY SILT, some silt, trace gravel; brown (reworked native); cohesive, SS • 100 12 1 244.3 0.5 W<PL. stiff Trace organics 243.8-2 SS 100 10 ø • - 1 Borehole open and dry upon completion of drilling. 243.3 Some clay 1.5 •10 3 SS 100 10 242.82 242.8--2 1.98 Borehole terminated @ 2 mbgs due to target depth achieved. 242.3 2.5 241.8-- 3 241.3 3.5 240.8--4 240.3 4.5 239.8--5 239.3 5.5 238.8--6 238.3 6.5 237.8--7 237.3 GRAINSIZE SAMPLE GRAVEL SAND SILT CLAY 1m = 24 units Logged By: EC Peterborough, Barrie, Oshawa, Kingston, Ottawa Input By: EC



Appendix B Soil Laboratory Testing Results



#### **Grain Size Distribution Chart**

Project Number:	19060-001	Client:	Landscape Planning Ltd					
Project Name:	Cassie Campbell Community	Centre						
Sample Date:	November 14-15, 2023	Sampled By:	Emily Couperthwaite - Cambium Inc.					
Location:	BH 101-23 SS 4	Depth:	2.3 m to 2.7 m	Lab Sample No:	S-23-1993			





MIT SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM											
CLAX	CLAY SILT	FINE MEDIUM COARSE			FINE	COARSE					
CLAT		SAND			GRAVEL						

Borehole No.	Sample No.		Depth	Gravel	Sand		Silt	Clay	Moisture
BH 101-23	SS 4		2.3 m to 2.7 m	10	19		43	28	13.4
	Description		Classification	D <sub>60</sub>	D <sub>30</sub>		D <sub>10</sub>	Cu	C <sub>c</sub>
Clayey Silt	some Sand some Gra	avel	ML	0.0280	0.002	5	-	-	-

Additional information available upon request

Issued By:

Date Issued:

November 26, 2023

(Senior Project Manager)

Cambium Inc. (Laboratory) 866.217.7900 | cambium-inc.com 194 Sophia St. | Peterborough | ON | K9H 1E5



#### **Grain Size Distribution Chart**

Project Number:	19060-001	Client:	Landscape Planning Ltd					
Project Name:	Cassie Campbell Community	Centre						
Sample Date:	November 14-15, 2023	Sampled By:	Emily Couperthwaite - Cambium Inc.					
Location:	BH 106-23 SS 6	Depth:	4.6 m to 5 m	Lab Sample No:	S-23-1994			
Location:	BH 106-23 55 6	Deptn:	4.6 <i>m</i> to 5 <i>m</i>	Lab Sample No:	5-23-1994			





MIT SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM											
CLAY		FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE				
	SILI		SAND			GRAVEL		BOULDERS			

Borehole No.	Sample No.		Depth	Gravel	Sand		Silt	Clay	Moisture
BH 106-23	SS 6		4.6 m to 5 m	9	20		48	23	12.2
	Description		Classification	D <sub>60</sub>	D <sub>30</sub>		D <sub>10</sub>	Cu	C <sub>c</sub>
Clayey	Sandy Silt trace Grave	-	ML	0.0460	0.003	7	-	-	-

Additional information available upon request

Issued By:

Date Issued:

November 26, 2023

(Senior Project Manager)

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194 Sophia St. | Peterborough | ON | K9H 1E5



#### **Grain Size Distribution Chart**

Project Number:	19060-001	Client:	Landscape Planning Ltd					
Project Name:	Cassie Campbell Community	Centre						
Sample Date:	November 14-15, 2023	Sampled By:	Emily Couperthwaite - Cambium Inc.					
Location:	BH 116-23 SS 2	Depth:	0.8 m to 1.2 m	Lab Sample No:	S-23-1995			

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM									
	SAND (<4.	75 mm to 0.075 mm)	GRAVEL (>4.75 mm)						
CLAY & SILT (<0.075 mm)	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE				



MIT SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM											
CLAX		FINE MEDIUM COARSE			FINE MEDIUM COAF						
CLAY SILI	SILI		SAND		GRAVEL						

Borehole No.	Sample No.		Depth	Gravel	;	Sand		Silt	Clay	Moisture
BH 116-23	SS 2		0.8 m to 1.2 m	1		16		50	33	16.4
	Description		Classification	D <sub>60</sub>		D <sub>30</sub>		D <sub>10</sub>	Cu	C <sub>c</sub>
Clayey Silt	some Sand trace Gra	vel	ML	0.0160		0.001	5	-	-	-

Additional information available upon request

Issued By:

Date Issued:

November 26, 2023

(Senior Project Manager)

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Client:

# CAMBIUM

Project Number: 19060-001 Cassie Campbell Community Centre Landscape Planning Ltd 2023-11-14

**Moisture Content** 

S-23-1992 Lab Number: 2023-11-21 K. Dickson

Date Tested:

Tested By:

CERTIFIEDB

Project Name: Date Taken:

Borehole Number	Sample Number	Sample Depth (m)	Water Weight (g)	Water Content (%)	Additional Observations
101	1A	0.00-0.15	42.9	23.1	NR,1
101	1B	0.13-0.61	25.0	11.7	
101	2	0.76-1.22	30.5	19.1	
101	3	1.52-1.98	35.2	20.4	
101	4	2.29-2.74	92.9	13.4	NR
101	5	3.05-3.51	26.4	13.4	
101	6	4.57-5.03	34.2	11.6	
102	1A	0.00-0.15	54.4	28.2	
102	1B	0.15-0.61	29.3	12.1	
102	2	0.76-1.22	35.6	14.7	
102	3	1.52-1.98	39.4	19.5	
102	4	2.29-2.74	57.2	24.6	
102	5	3.05-3.51	40.0	21.7	
102	6	4.57-5.03	27.1	11.8	
103	1A	0.00-0.15	52.0	21.0	NR,1
103	1B	0.15-0.61	29.0	12.1	
103	2	0.76-1.22	31.1	14.5	
103	4	2.29-2.74	48.6	22.4	
103	5	3.05-3.51	42.2	20.4	
103	6	4.57-5.03	25.4	12.2	
104	1A	0.00-0.13	36.1	30.7	NR,1
104	1B	0.13-0.61	32.2	13.2	
104	2	0.76-1.22	34.8	14.0	
104	3	1.52-1.98	33.4	17.8	
104	4	2.29-2.74	42.6	20.1	
104	5	3.05-3.51	44.9	26.9	
104	6	4.57-5.03	43.0	15.8	

1 – Contains organics

2 - Contains rubble

3 – Hydrocarbon Odour

4 – Unknown Chemical Odour

5 - Saturated - free water visible

6 - Very moist - near optimum moisture content

7 - Moist - below optimum moisture

8 – Dry – dry texture – powdery

9 - Very small - caution may not be representative

10 – Hold sample for gradation analysis

Client:

# CAMBIUM

Project Number: 19060-001 Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Landscape Planning Ltd 2023-11-14 Date Taken:

**Moisture Content** 

S-23-1992

Lab Number:

Date Tested:

Tested By:

Borehole Number	Sample Number	Sample Depth (m)	Water Weight (g)	Water Content (%)	Additional Observations
105	1A	0.00-0.15	54.2	21.7	NR,1
105	1B	0.15-0.61	43.8	22.9	
105	2	0.76-1.22	37.1	17.4	
105	3	1.52-1.98	32.6	16.5	
105	4	2.29-2.74	48.2	22.2	
105	5	3.05-3.51	46.4	20.6	
105	6	4.57-5.03	29.8	14.1	
106	1A	0.00-0.18	49.9	27.2	NR,1
106	1B	0.18-0.61	19.4	9.6	1
106	2	0.76-1.22	29.1	14.2	
106	4	2.29-2.74	43.7	23.5	
106	5	3.05-3.51	40.2	23.3	
106	6	4.57-5.03	104.6	12.2	NR
107	1A	0.00-0.20	54.6	24.7	NR,1
107	1B	0.20-0.61	27.1	10.3	
107	2	0.76-1.22	45.5	20.0	
107	3	1.52-1.98	43.2	22.2	
107	4	2.29-2.74	46.4	26.4	
107	5	3.05-3.51	36.3	16.4	
107	6	4.57-5.03	35.3	12.0	
108	1A	0.00-0.13	45.9	24.0	NR,1
108	1B	0.13-0.61	34.1	13.9	
108	2	0.76-1.22	51.0	20.8	
108	3	1.52-1.98	41.5	19.4	
109	1A	0.00-0.13	48.1	27.1	NR,1
109	1B	0.13-0.61	35.3	14.2	
109	2	0.76-1.22	28.8	14.7	

1 – Contains organics

2 - Contains rubble

3 – Hydrocarbon Odour

4 – Unknown Chemical Odour

5 - Saturated - free water visible

6 – Very moist – near optimum moisture content

7 - Moist - below optimum moisture

8 – Dry – dry texture – powdery

9 - Very small - caution may not be representative

10 – Hold sample for gradation analysis



2023-11-21 K. Dickson

# CAMBIUM

Project Number: 19060-001 Cassie Campbell Community Centre Landscape Planning Ltd 2023-11-14

**Moisture Content** 

S-23-1992 2023-11-21 K. Dickson

Lab Number:

Date Tested:

Tested By:



Project Name: Client: Date Taken:

Sample Depth (m) Water Content (%) **Borehole Number** Sample Number Water Weight (g) Additional Observations 3 1.52-1.98 23.1 109 49.5 1A 21.3 110 0.00-0.15 39.0 NR.1 1B 110 13.6 0.15-0.61 33.3 110 2 0.76-1.22 46.4 20.7 3 1.52-1.98 110 41.4 20.8 1A 0.00-0.15 22.2 9.5 111 111 1B 0.15-0.61 43.9 19.7 111 2 15.2 0.76-1.22 28.7 3 111 1.52-1.98 25.0 12.6 112 1A 0.00-0.15 27.4 60.4 NR,1 112 1B 37.7 16.0 0.15-0.61 2 112 0.76-1.22 17.4 30.1 3 1.52-1.98 20.1 112 38.9 113 1A 0.00-0.15 47.3 25.0 NR,1 113 1B 0.15-0.61 33.4 16.3 113 2 0.76-1.22 34.4 17.8 113 3 45.1 19.9 1.52-1.98 1A 114 0.00-0.15 38.7 34.8 **NR**,1 114 1B 0.15-0.61 23.2 11.6 114 2 0.76-1.22 37.4 21.9 3 114 1.52-1.98 42.7 24.2 115 1A 0.00-0.15 53.4 31.4 NR,1 115 1B 0.15-0.61 26.0 17.1 NR,1 115 2 0.76-1.22 42.7 16.7 115 3 1.52-1.98 34.1 18.0 116 1A 47.5 25.4 **NR**,1 0.00-0.18 1B 21.9 12.6 116 0.18-0.61

1 – Contains organics

2 - Contains rubble

3 – Hydrocarbon Odour

4 – Unknown Chemical Odour

5 – Saturated – free water visible

6 - Very moist - near optimum moisture content

7 - Moist - below optimum moisture

8 – Dry – dry texture – powdery

9 - Very small - caution may not be representative

10 – Hold sample for gradation analysis

Client:

# CAMBIUM

Project Number: 19060-001 Project Name: Cassie Campbell Community Centre Landscape Planning Ltd 2023-11-14 Date Taken:

**Moisture Content** 

Tested By:

Lab Number: S-23-1992 Date Tested: 2023-11-21 K. Dickson

Borehole Number	Sample Number	Sample Depth (m)	Water Weight (g)	Water Content (%)	Additional Observations
116	2	0.76-1.22	84.9	16.4	NR
116	3	1.52-1.98	34.6	18.8	
117	1A	0.00-0.13	49.8	27.8	NR,1
117	1B	0.13-0.61	32.7	12.9	
117	2	0.76-1.22	32.5	14.1	
117	3	1.52-1.98	36.2	18.6	
118	1A	0.00-0.15	49.1	27.8	
118	1B	0.15-0.61	27.8	11.7	
118	2	0.76-1.22	35.5	17.0	
118	3	1.52-1.98	37.2	16.0	

- 1 Contains organics
- 2 Contains rubble
- 3 Hydrocarbon Odour
- 4 Unknown Chemical Odour
- 5 Saturated free water visible
- 6 Very moist near optimum moisture content
- 7 Moist below optimum moisture
- 8 Dry dry texture powdery
- 9 Very small caution may not be representative
- 10 Hold sample for gradation analysis

